Raleigh
State Library

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
Office--North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.
One door east of Albemarle House.
TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance

VOLUME XIX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1887. NUMBER 19.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS,
VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS,
BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES,
BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS,
FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS,
BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS,
WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS,
LAW CASES AND CIRCULARS,
POINTS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

London has a great problem. It has 2,600,000 people unable to get into a place of worship. In Central London, with 2,000,000, there is only accommodation for 600,000.

Statistics show that the consumption of sugar in the last fifty years has gone up from about fifteen to seventy pounds per head; of tea from one and one-quarter to four and three-quarters pounds per head, of tobacco from .86 to 1.40 pounds per head, and so on.

Within the last two years and a half the number of national banks in the South has increased 37 per cent., in the Western States 22 per cent., while in the Eastern and Middle States it has been less than 3 per cent. During the time mentioned 450 new national banks have been organized in this country.

Electricity has come to stay. Twelve miles of electric railway will be built this fall in Cincinnati, thirteen miles in Richmond, Va., and one mile in St. Joseph, Mo. Atlanta is to have an electric system, Binghampton has four and a half miles and Wilmington will have a road a mile and a half long. A six-mile road will run from Baltimore to Ellicott City.

The popular idea, which assumes that many foreigners reside in Japan and that large numbers are employed in the government service, is very erroneous. According to the latest returns, the total number of foreign residents is 2556, of which only 592 are Americans. There are but 134 foreigners altogether in the public service, of which number only 17 are Americans.

One of the most successful temperance workers beyond the Mississippi is Miss Laura Winkler of Iowa. She was born blind, but her earnest zeal is not impaired to any serious extent by her affliction. Miss Winkler's favorite field is the workshop. She visits factories during the noon hour and makes personal appeals to the workmen to shun "King Alcohol."

The study of medicine is evidently overdone in Germany. A committee of the association of German physicians has sent a circular to the directors of all the gymnasia of Germany asking them to dissuade students from adopting the medical profession. Accompanying the circular are statistics which show the proportion between the number of physicians licensed each year and the number who die or retire from the profession.

The Omaha Herald the other day had a curious article upon the subject why there are so many "old maids" in New England. It bases its conclusions on the statistics of seven graduating classes in a New England school, which show that out of ninety-nine graduates twenty-seven had married, eleven had died and sixty-one were single, the last class graduating in 1876. The paper gives as the cause of this the fact that most of marriageable men leave New England and do not return, leaving the girls to a state of enforced spinsterhood.

The rapid increase in the number of great cities, especially in the United States, is one of the most remarkable facts of modern times. At the beginning of the century there was no city in this country that could by any stretch of the imagination be termed great, for neither New York nor Philadelphia had as many as 70,000 inhabitants; now there are twenty-four cities that exceed this figure, and there are twenty that exceed 100,000. There are four cities with populations exceeding 500,000, while Great Britain has but three cities of that size, or, counting Manchester and Salford as one, four. Russia has two such cities, but no other European country more than one. It is safe to say that by the end of the present century there will be at least eight cities of 500,000 inhabitants in the United States, while Great Britain will certainly not have more than six such cities and Germany, probably, two.

In an article on gambling in the metropolis the New York Sun says: "The figures and the facts and the record of thousands of men's Wall street exderiences are all to one conclusion—the game of stock speculation is a losing game. Not one speculator in 100 makes money there. The result is inevitable. Jay Gould did not make his vast fortune by speculation. He got it through great railroad deals, consolidations and stock watering. His speculative efforts have not been more successful than those of other men. His losses have been many. There are few men in this country who have made fortunes in Wall street. There are thousands of men who have lost fortunes there. The effect of the existing bucket-shop craze upon the boys and young men in every branch of industry in down-town New York is its most serious aspect. It is catching among them, and they are putting in many a dollar that they do not take out. Every little while one of them makes a lucky hit, and all of his comrades hear of it and get the fever. The boy of the period can buy a share of stock, or a barrel of oil, or a bushel of grain on paper for $1, or ten shares for $10, or 100 shares for $100. He is an office boy or a clerk on five or ten dollars a week. He makes a lucky hit and finds himself a few dollars ahead. He neglects his work, or throws up his situation, or hangs on, thinking of nothing but the bucket shop and its easy method of giving him money. All notions of honest, old-fashioned work leave his brain, and he becomes good for nothing at an early age."

Experience.

Don't lose your temper or your time,
  Or fret your soul a minute,
Because this good old roomy world
  Has foolish people in it.
By not one wholly useless weed
  The fertile earth is cumbered;
Then count not these can do no good,
  Or with them you'll be numbered.

If all began by being wise,
  Each one his sphere adorning,
From wisdom's way we yet might stray
  For lack of proper warning;
But Nature kindly sets her signs
  On Danger's chosen dwelling;
Without them, what would come to us,
  There isn't any telling.

Just reckon up your foolish friends,
  Each one's peculiar failing,
And of that folly cure yourself
  At which in them you're railing;
While, if you find some luckless one
  The same all through and over,
You'd better far be unlike him
  Than find a four-leaved clover.

I lay no claim to any store
  Of philosophic knowledge,
But this I've learned by studies in
  That best but dearest college;
Perhaps you think that school is meant
  For other people only;
Or, maybe, your are wise in truth—
  But don't you find it lonely?

—[Miriam K. Davis, in Frank Leslie's.

"NERVOUS DAY."

Mrs. Stanhope was one of those nervous, irritable women that about half the time make themselves and every one around them miserable. She had been having one of her regular nervous days, as she styled them, and everything had gone wrong.

Little Freddy, only four years old and their only child, had been banished from the sitting-room, although he had pleaded hard to stay and "loot at his pitty pitter book" Santa Claus brought him, and had promised, with such a resolute air, that he would be "so stilly;" but no, his mamma wanted to lie down on the lounge, and he must go out to play.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanhope were not wealthy, so Freddy did not have a nurse to look after him, no one but old Towser, the faithful Newfoundland watch dog, who was years older than his little master, and who had watched him faithfully ever since he was a wee baby.

Mrs. Stanhope had just settled herself on the lounge and taken up the last magazine, which she thought might quiet her nerves a little, when, bang! went the outside door, as only a healthy boy, full of spirits, could shut it, and the next instant Freddy bounded into the sitting-room, upsetting a chair and tumbling headlong over a footstool.

A spasm, as of pain, crossed his mother's face, and she raised her hand as though to ward off a blow, exclaimingly fretfully:

"Oh, Freddy, what a naughty boy you are! why can't you stay out and play when mamma feels so?"

"Mamma! mamma!" exclaimed Freddy, who had by this time regained his equilibrium, and who did not in the least mind the tumble or his mother's fretful speech; "me is havin' such fun! 'et me tell oo——"

"No, no, Freddy," interrupted his mother; "I don't want to hear; run out again and play. You may do anything you choose, only let me have a little quiet."

Freddy looked disappointed and stood pouting his cherry lips, with one chubby finger stuck between them.

"Did you hear, Freddy," reiterated his mother, rising her voice. "Ain't you going to mind? I told you to go out; now start."

The child walked slowly out of the room. On the hall rug lay Towser, and Freddy impulsively threw his arms around his hairy friend's neck and burst into tears.

"Me did ont to tell er Towder, me did," he sobbed; but his grief and disappointment was of short duration, for in a few moments he sprang up and ran out into the yard, followed by Towser.

After Freddy went out, Mrs. Stanhope tried in vain to get interested in the magazine; at last she threw it petulantly from her and lying back upon the cushions, closed her eyes. Soon a sweet, delicious languor stole over her; she was riding in Mrs. Graham's exquisite brougham.

Mrs. Graham was a widow lady who lived just across the way, and who was worth over half a million, report said; and whose superb horses and elegant carriages little Mrs. Stanhope had often admired, and, if the truth must be told, envied.

Then the scene changed; she was lying there on the lounge in her pleasant sitting-room, listening to the sweetest music she ever heard. Suddenly there was a scream from Freddy, an energetic bow wow from Towser, and an exclamation of fright from Kitty, the servant girl, as she ran hastily out into the yard.

An undefined feeling of terror filled the heart of Mrs. Stanhope; she tried to rise, but found her strength had entirely deserted her; and pale as death, with eyes closed, she lay there longing, yet dreading, to hear what had happened.

In a few moments---it seemed hours to her---she heard Kitty come in. There was another step too, not Freddy's; she listened in vain for the patter of his little feet. The steps paused at the sitting-room door, which was ajar. She knew intuitively they were looking in.

"Hist! do not make a noise; she is fast asleep," she heard Kitty say in a whisper. "It will be trouble enough to her to know when she wakes, poor narvous crature."

"One of his horns went clean through," she heard the other voice say, and which she recognized as Mary Calhone's, Mrs. Graham's kitchen maid.

What terrible accident had happened, that they were not going to tell her until she awoke. O, would she ever awake and come out of this stupor! She tried to move, to scream, but all to no purpose; a sudden, thick darkness seemed enveloping her, and she sank into insensibility.

When she again opened her eyes it was night; the curtains were down, a lamp burned on the table, but was turned low down, and the figure of a strange woman was moving about the room putting things to rights.

"Who are you? What has happened?" asked Mrs. Stanhope, in a scarcely audible voice and with difficulty arising to a sitting posture.

"O, have you waked up!" said the woman, coming over to the lounge where she sat. "And you don't know? deary me! how can I tell you! Your little boy, your little Freddy, you will never see him alive again!"

"Never—see—Freddy—alive! What do you mean!" gasped Mrs. Stanhope, starting up and groping blindly across the room to the door. As she opened it she met her husband, who took her gently in his arms, soothed her tenderly, and in a broken voice told her that Mr. Afton's cross cow had by some means escaped from the yard into the road that afternoon, and that Freddy had teased her through the fence with his red scarf; that in her rage she had broken down the fence, and, before Towser and Kitty could rescue him, plunged one of her horns through Freddy's body, killing him instantly.

"O, why cannot *I* die too!" she wailed, wringing her hands distractedly. "My Freddy! my precious boy! my darling baby! I have murdered you by my thoughtless selfishness! O, let me die!"

After a while she became more calm; a sort of numb despair seized her heart; she could not weep, and when they led her to look at the little waxen form arrayed for burial, she could only look at the white, set face of her darling as he lay there, with roses strewn about him and snowdrops in his chubby hands, with a weary longing to lie down too and be at rest. Tears seemed swelling up in scalding floods over her brain, burning deep, scathing blisters there, but she could not shed one.

At length the day of the funeral came; how spectre-like it all seemed, every one moved about so quiet, so death-like; she could not even remember a word the minister said. The procession formed; they placed a heavy black vail over her face that seemed to increase the already midnight gloom of her heart. They reached the cemetery; the little casket was lowered into the grave and she heard the gravel rattle upon the lid; yes, they were burying her precious treasure, her all, forever from her sight and yet she could not weep, she had not dropped one tear on the loved face; the thought tore her heart with agony, and she felt her mind reel and totter on its throne.

Again she was at home. How still and silent the rooms were and how dark and gloomy; it seemed as though she was never again to see the bright, glorious sunshine. So weeks passed. She caught a glimpse of her own face in the mirror once in a while, and she could see how thin and white it was growing. Then came whispers—no one seemed to speak out loud now—that a change of scene was necessary; the beach or the mountains.

Mechanically she made preparations to leave home; it was the night before her departure, and she strode out to the cemetery to visit Freddy's grave.

"Oh, my poor murdered darling!" she moaned, sinking upon the grave in an abandon of tearless grief.

"Lucy! Lucy! what is the matter? Ain't you never going to wake up?" said her husband's voice, close to her ear.

With a start, she raised her head and looked about her. Yes, it was Walter that was bending over her, and strange to tell, she was lying upon the lounge in her little sitting-room, and the sun was just flinging his parting rays into the west window. How cosy and cheerful everything looked; and, glancing up into her husband's face, she saw he was laughing.

"What! did you have the nightmare?" he exclaimed.

"Hush!" she answered in a whisper, "where is Freddy?"

"Freddy?" echoed Mr. Stanhope; "why he is asleep. After teasing Afton's cow until she tore the yard fence nearly all down, and getting Towser into a fine scrape, for he bit the cow severely, and she run one of her horns through his leg, and frightening Kitty nearly out of her senses, he has concluded to go to sleep."

Yes, it was a cruel dream, and Lucy Stanhope wept tears of joy; but she could not feel sure until she had pressed her lips to Freddy's and felt his soft breath upon her cheek.

It was a long time before she could tell her husband her terrible dream; and she never again sent Freddy away from her for the sake of quiet.—[New York News.

The Business for the Boy.

Fond Mother—Pa, what business do you think we ought to start Willard in? He's getting to be 18 years old and ought to get into something.

Fond Father—It's hard telling what he's fitted for.

Fond Mother—Yes, he's as proud as Lucifer, but he's as neat as wax.

Fond Father—Well, then, let's start him in the match business.

The Average Persian.

Let me try to give a faithful portrait of the average Persian. Under a thin veneering of good nature, hospitality, politeness and amiability, he conceals every one of the seven deadly sins. It is a significant fact that no words corresponding to our love, gratitude, virtue, honor, patriotism, conscience or penitence exist in modern Persia. The words serving as substitutes have altogether different meaning. "Takewah" means piety, or rather observance of the ritualistic laws; "hunner" does not mean honor, but smartness and cunning; "nemeki hacram" (literally, good salt and bad salt) only refer to the rules of hospitality; "peshimani" is not penitence, but grief at the non-success of a scheme, and "ishk" is not love, but the only feeling the Persian knows under that name.

That the Persian is a phenomenal liar is well known, and need not be dwelt upon. Like most cowards he is also fond of inflicting pain where he may do so safely. Cruelty seems inborn with him. I have seen little children of both sexes stoning a poor cur to death and literally hacking a miserable cat to pieces, just for the fun of the thing, and without any interference from their parents, often even with their active cooperation. The death penalty is usually carried out with a view of making the culprit undergo the most horrible tortures, and of affording a grateful sight to the callous populace. On the Koop-Kapu in Teheran, the square in the heart of the city where the executions usually take place, a half score of delinquents are often placed on the raised platform, surmounted by the pole painted a brilliant scarlet, and in full sight of the rabble assembled they have their throats cut, their hearts torn out, their ears and noses slit, their tongues pulled out, their eyes seared, or boiling pitch poured over their naked bodies, to everybody's great delectation, except the parties directly concerned. Along the highways one meets, stuck in the ground, short hollow pillars with the upper opening closed with gypsum. Each of these contains a man, a condemned criminal, walled up alive. Faint groans may often be heard by passers-by, for this mode of death is slow and very painful; but nobody thinks it worth his while to liberate the poor wretch or to terminate his sufferings by a merciful blow. "Kismet!" they say. "Such is fate?"—[Cosmopolitan.

Coca Culture.

Coca, a shrub growing wild on the mountains of Peru and Bolivia, is coming into extensive cultivation on account of the rapidly increasing demand for cocaine, the principal alkaloid obtained from its leaves. The plant resembles the tea-plant, is cultivated in rows like Indian corn, and in two years attains its full height of five or six feet, bearing leaves about two inches long, with white blossoms and red berries. The leaves are gathered several times a year, and the bushes produce for many years. The peculiar virtues of coca as a nerve stimulant have long been known, not only to medical men, but to the Peruvian Indians and miners, who chew the leaves mixed with quick-lime, much as tobacco is chewed, and who are thus enabled to resist fatigue to a remarkable degree. It was not until 1860, however, that the active principle was isolated, while the great value of cocaine as a local anæsthetic was accidentally discovered only some three years ago.

How to Bear Burdens.

Mental burdens will be far more easily borne if they are placed, as much as practicable, out of sight. When we gaze upon them they increase in size. When in our thoughts we emphasize and dwell on them, they sometimes grow almost unbearable. It is well enough to face trouble when it comes to us, to measure it and know its weight, that we may summon up courage and strength sufficient to endure it; but, this done, let us place it where it may no longer be in constant sight—drag it to the light, to dwell upon its weight, and to claim sympathy for being obliged to bear it. When the emphasis of life is laid on the cheerful and attractive side, its real burdens will be borne lightly, happiness will abound and be diffused, and the value of life be multiplied ten-fold.—[Baptist Weekly.

A Magnificent Lemon.

Our friend Thomas C. Dixon, showed us a magnificent lemon which he had gathered from a tree of his own raising. It was 7 inches long and 11 1-8 inches in circumference and weighed over 14 ounces. We were astonished to find that it was possible to raise such fruit in Chatham county. It is of excellent quality, and Mr. Dixon's tree bears about two dozen a year—[Pittsboro (N. C.) Home.

Proof of Devotion.

"And do you really love me George?" she asked,

"Love you!" repeated George fervently. "Why, while I was bidding you good-bye on the porch last night, dear, the dog bit a large chunk out of my leg, and I never noticed it till I got home. Love you!"—[Bazar.

A Land of Onions.

It is to be noted that Egypt is again becoming a land of onion culture. Large quantities are yearly shipped to Europe from Alexandria and other ports. A few years ago the trade hardly existed, while in two months of last year alone 14,000 tons were shipped to Liverpool.

ARABIAN WOMEN.

A Housewife's Duties in Modern Bible Land.

Syrian Dames Work Hard While Their Husbands Loaf.

There are grand women in Arabia; women of ability, keen in insight, and wonderful capabilities, writes Florence M. Jones in the Swiss Cross. The duties of the wife of a Syrian to-day are as follows: She brings all the water for family use from a distant well. This is accomplished by filling immense jars, and bringing them upon her head. She rises early, and goes to the handmill of the village, carrying corn, enough of which for the day's bread she grinds by a slow, laborious process. This she carries home and cooks in an oven, which is made in the earth. It is a round hole, lined with oval and flat stones, and heated by a fire built in it. When the bread is mixed with water and a little salt, she removes the ashes, and plasters pats of dough against the hot stones to cook. Could anything be more crude? She cares for her children,—unusually a large family,--and does all the rough work at intervals, while the husband calmly smokes his 'argelic,' or sits cross-legged upon his divan, or house-top, in converse with some equally hard-working member of Syrian society. The houses are made of a coarse stone, roughly hewn. The house tops are of clay, covered with coarse gravel. In hot weather the sun bakes this mud-formed roof, and large cracks appear. The rain comes, and, as a natural consequence, the roof leaks. This is something of which the fastidious inhabitant of the Bible Land does not approve. It does not add to his bodily comfort. He remedies the difficulty,—shall I tell you how? Not by any effort of his own; far from it; his wife comes, ascends to the house-top, and in the drenching rain, propels a roller of solid stone, backward and forward, much as we use a lawn mower. This rolls the sun-dried cracks together, and prevents the entrance of water. These are only a few of a Syrian housewife's duties. Her reward is not in this world surely. She cannot speak to her husband in public; she can receive no caress before his friends. She goes veiled, and scantily clad. She has no time to make her own habiliments, for her hands must weave and spin and embroider artistically and abundantly for the husband and male children. In winter her feet are protected only by open wooden sandals, and drops of blood mark the way to the Syrian well. Of course this is among the lower and middle classes of society in Syria, but those who belong to a higher class are very few. The wealth of a Syrian family is not in money, but is estimated according to the number of herds of camels, goats, sheep, and cattle it possesses. The women are fond of ornament, but have little opportunity for it. They always wear the "round tire like the moon," spoken of in the Bible. Even the children have these on. The form is a half-moon. A single row of silver coins overlapping one another, and sewed upon a piece of coarse material through a single hole bored in one side, is attached to a square of cloth, having long strings, which tie under the black hair. This allows the coins to rest in a curve about the forehead. One of these tires, which we had, weighed four pounds and six ounces, and was was worth $80. We now have a child's tire, which weighs two pounds. Over the round tire is worn the heavy, hand-woven, linen veil. The specimen we have is worth $50, and is large enough for a piano-cover. All the silk for embroidery is gathered by women from the silk-worms, and must be spun and dyed before they can use it. If a mother in Syria presents a daughter to her husband, he is bitterly disappointed. When you ask a Syrian parent, "How many children have you?" if his family consists of five boys and six daughters, he will tell you, "I have five children." They only count boys. This seems bitterly cruel when the workers of Syria are of the other sex. The girls are dark-eyed, raven-haired, of olive complexion, and usually of medium height, though some are extremely tall and muscular.

Cwt.

Many of my readers know that "cwt" stands for "hundredweight," for have they not used it themselves when doing their sums? But I think few could tell how this strange sign came to be employed. And yet when they learn its meaning they will find it very simple. C stands for "hundred;" it is the first letter of the Latin word centum, hundred. If you will look in your Bible you will notice that the hundredth psalm is marked "Psalm C." Then "wt." is merely short for "weight." Thus you have "hundredweight"(cwt.). ---[Little Folks.

Politeness.

It is said that Louis XIV., the most haughty and magnificent monarch of modern times, used to lift his hat even to the female servants of his court. If so, no man need think that he derogates from his dignity by keeping his hat off in a respectable shop when he is served by a woman. Even in business intercourse politeness need not be banished. In England, for instance, checks are marked, "Pay to." In France they are worded, "Veuillez payer"—"Please to pay," "Kindly pay," etc. —Chicago Tribune.

A Spanish Bull-Ring.

The bull-ring of Granada, like most of those in the larger cities of Spain, is a vast amphitheatre, built of wood, and capable of seating perhaps 20,000 persons. By accident we came to this huge structure in the course of our meanderings, and we were conducted through it by an attendant. In the stables were a number of wretched-looking steeds, aged and raw-boned as Don Quixote's "Rosinnate," yet considered good enough to be slain by doughty bulls for the amusement of the gentle dames and spirited young dons of Granada. On the stockade surrounding the area were great streaks and blotches of blood, which had spurted from the wounded animals in various combats. At the same time that these were pointed out to us it was explained how, in the practice of the noble art of bull-fighting, a horse would often have his sides ripped open by an infuriated bull and the plucky steed would nevertheless go on sometimes with the fight, although his entrails would trail upon the ground and dangle about his feet. We were then conducted to the chambers where the matadores dressed themselves and where were kept the trappings for ornamenting the horses, and the apparatus for provoking the bulls. Among the articles of the latter sort were long poles with sharp spikes in the end, masks, dummy horses and various other devices and instruments of torture, cunningly adapted to arouse the wrath of a peaceably disposed bull and convert him into an infuriated demon. In one of the rooms, improvised as a chapel, there were crucifixes and other pious paraphernalia by which the last offices of the church might, in case of sudden emergency, be administered to a mortally wounded bull-fighter, so that his gentle soul might not take its flight unshriven. There appeared to be no similar provision for the bulls and horses, they being only brutes and having no souls.—[American Magazine.

The Most Famous Oysters.

The Blue Points are the most famous in the world. They were first discovered a little over a hundred years ago in Long Island waters. The bottom of the Great South Bay, opposite Blue Point, was covered then with blue-mud and up to the time the oysters were discovered they were not supposed to exist in the muddy ground. The discovery was accidentally made by an oysterman. The shells of the oyster were a deep dark color, and the oyster itself was fat and luscious. It was not long after the discovery before the baymen flocked to the grounds by hundreds, and it was not unusual for one man to take as high as 200 bushels in a single day. At that time there was a ready market for them at 50 cents per bushel. The beds could not stand the drain upon them and were finally exhausted. The oysters now called Blue Points do not resemble the original any more than day does night, as they do not grow wild, but are cultivated the same as a field of wheat or corn. The oysters grown in the waters around Patchogue (which is one of the greatest oyster growing localities in this state), are shipped all over the world as Shrewsburys, East Rivers, Blue Points and almost every other name given an oyster. Over five hundred men are employed in the oyster industry in and about Patchogue. The oysters are shipped by the barrel to Europe, are but little larger than a silver dollar, costing, ready for shipment, about $1 per barrel. They bring $5.50 and $7 per barrel in the European markets.—[Brooklyn Citizen.

"Mugging" Criminals.

In my business we learn to detect the foibles and weakness of men and women, says a police photographer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, but in the jail you would not expect to find any vanity in the matter of personal appearance. Nevertheless there are many prisoners who take pride in securing a good negative. Ordinary prisoners never object to the process of "mugging," because they are too ignorant to understand the advantage of a picture in the hands of the police. High toned crooks from the East always object. Sophia Lyons, the famous New York shoplifter, cried and raved like a fury when brought before me, but finding the detectives inexorable, she dried her eyes, primped her hair, adjusted her bonnet, daubed a little powder on her cheeks and told me to go ahead; that, if she couldn't help it, she would have a good portrait. Jane Cosley, another big shoplifter, sat smiling as sweet as an angel, after having made a desperate fight, clawing like a catamount, and her face is one of the prettiest in my collection.

A Happy Thought.

"I don't see why your friend Miss Smith referred to my moustache as 'down,' Maude," said young Sissy to his pretty cousin. "There is nothing of the 'down' about it; it quite bristles. I have to shave twice a week, I assure you."

"I know it bristles, Charley," returned the girl, knitting her brows, "although not very fiercely, and I am as much perplexed as you are to understand why Clara should speak of it as down. (Sudden happy thought.) Perhaps, Charley, it's because it grows on a—goose.—[New York Sun.

What Made Her Nervous.

Old lady—Conductor. I hope there isn't going to be a collision.

Conductor—I hope not.

Old lady—I want you to be very keerful. I've got two dozen eggs in this basket.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

All is but lip wisdom which wants experience.

Wealth and honors can never cure a wounded conscience.

Man must at some time in his life recognize his nothingness.

He who would avoid sin must not stand in the doorway of temptation.

One good act today is worth a thousand in contemplation for some future time.

"Desire is a tree in leaf; hope is a tree in flower, and enjoyment is a tree in fruit."

In an angry moment a man may do what a whole lifetime of repentence cannot undo.

It is better to have thorns in the flesh with grace to endure them, than to have no thorns and no grace.

He who does a base thing in zeal for his friend, burns the golden thread that ties their hearts together.

Good breeding is defined by Lord Chatham to be benevolence in trifles, or the preference of others to ourselves in the daily occurrences of life.

Honor is like the eye which cannot suffer the least impurity without damage; it is a precious stone, the price of which is lessened by the least flaw.

We have all the chance of meeting with some pity, some tenderness, some charity, when we are dead; it is the living only who cannot be forgiven.

Many persons fancy themselves friendly when they are only officious. They counsel not so much that you should become wise as that they should be recognized as teachers of wisdom.

Do not keep the alabaster boxes of your love and tenderness sealed up until your friends are dead. Fill their lives with sweetness, speak approving, cheering words while their hearts can be thrilled by them.

New Soup Pot for the French Army.

Without his soup the French soldier is nothing, and during the Franco-German campaign Zouaves and Tirailleurs were often surprised by Prussians or Bavarians while engaged in skimming their pot au feu or watching the simmering of their soupe aux potreaux.

Gen. Forron proposes to prevent any recurrence of this disastrous state of affairs by adopting a campaign cooking pot, which shall enable each particular Dumanet or Tommy Atkins to make his own soup, and that of course more speedily than when he had to prepare it for three besides himself in the rather cumbersome and complicated apparatus which was set down in the books of the army stores and the inventories in the barrack rooms as the utensile a quatre.

The new soup pot was tried with success some years ago in France and Algeria, but in 1882 it was rejected by Gen. Billot on the ground that it would destroy esprit de corps by isolating the soldiers from each other. Gen. Ferron combats this view by alleging that the soup may be divided between three at least when made in the new pot, and that in any case comradeship was not so well fostered under the quadruple regime as to necessitate the continuance of the old marmites; but his great reasons for the change are based on the speed and the saving which the new pot will realize.—[St. James Gazette.

Left His Address at Home.

An old farmer named Kent was a well known character some years ago in Mount Vernon and Vienna. He had many peculiarities and eccentricities which earned for him a variety of nicknames, at which, by the way, he never took any offence. In some way this old fellow had some claim to a pension. He went down to Augusta to be examined by the physician there for that purpose. He was found to have disabilities that warranted his obtaining a pension, but he was very much excited at the length of the examination and the variety of questions put to him. Finally he was asked his address. "Oh, yes, of course," he replied, "you'll want my address, but bless me what did I do with it?" After fumbling in all his pockets, he looked up helplessly and said, "By gracious, I must have left my address at home."—[Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

The Ceylonese.

The Ceylonese, or Singhalese, as they are called, from the native name of their lovely island, are a mild and inoffensive race of people. They have the reputation, indeed, of being rank cowards, but this is rather the character of most Eastern folk. The men are tall, not badly made, and have slender limbs. The women are shorter, and are fond of finery, such as gay-colored dresses, bangles, and chains. They are partial to music and dancing, but their tom-toms, as they call their drum-like instrument, gives out a dull and tiresome sound which soon gets monotonous; and their dancers are not as a rule so agile, graceful, and clever as the Hindoo dancers of India.

The Passing Bell.

In olden times they used to ring the bell when the hour had arrived for the court to come in and hold its sessions, as they ought to do now for the court of common pleas.

"Is that the Passing bell?" inquired a venerable stranger visiting the town.

"Yes, sir, it is," replied a wag of a lawyer, "the Passing bell. It is the signal for you to come and pass your property into the hands of your lawyers."—[New London Day.

Night on the Farm.

'Tis dewfall on the lonely farm,
  The flocks are gathered in the fold,
The dusky air is soft as balm,
  The daisies hide their hearts of gold.

Slow, drowsy, swinging bells are heard
  In pastures dewy, dark and dim,
And in the door-yard trees, a bird
  Trills sleepily his evening hymn.

The dark, blue deeps are full of stars;
  One lone lamp, in the hillside gloom
A mile away is red as Mars;
The night is faint with sweet perfumes.

At bedtime in the quiet house,
  Up through the wide old rooms I go,
Without a lamp---and not a mouse
  Is stirring. Loudly, to and fro,

The old clock ticks, and easterly
  The ancient windows open high;
Here the sun's kiss will waken me,
  With bird-songs welling up the sky.

—[New England Farmer.

HUMOROUS.

Electricity is a very serious matter, and yet Edison makes light of it.

An Electric "Belle."—A female operator at the telegraph office.

A bald-headed book-keeper should never try to wipe his pen on his hair.

In the bright lexicon of speculation there is nothing so uncertain as a sure thing.

Hardly anybody would care to change places with the turtle, and yet he has a great snap.

English statesmen live longer than American statesmen, but they don't have so much fun.

"I aim to tell the truth." "Yes," interrupted an acquaintance, "but you are a very bad shot."

"Can you recommend for me a good home course of botany?" asks a correspondent. Yes, the flour barrel.

Cally—Miss Peterson has remarkably small eyes. Dally—Yes, they look small, but she has had a young man in 'em for a long time.

There is one advantage, said Mr. Jones, in having a common, prosy name. You are in no danger of having it spelled wrong in the papers.

A girl who was told by an old boatman to be sure and have her boat well-trimmed went to work and sewed two silk flounces around the gunwale.

The King of Spain, although but little more than one year old, is a general officer in the Spanish army. Of course he is in the infantry service. He has been in arms all his life.

A clergyman on a sultry afternoon paused in his sermon and said: "I saw an advertisement for 500 sleepers for a railroad. I think I could supply at least fifty and recommend them as good and sound!"

Wife (at breakfast).—"I want to do some shopping to-day, dear, if the weather is favorable. What are the probabilities?" Husband, (consulting his paper).—"Rain, hail, thunder, and lightning."

"Ain't you in, Maria?" he queried, as he fumbled around with the latchkey. "No, I ain't. I'm out. Out of sugar, out of tea, out of flour, and out of patience," snapped a female voice from an upper window.

She—You visited the Italian cities while abroad, of course, Mr. Smith? He—O yes. She—Isn't Naples an interesting place? He—It is, indeed. I staid there nearly two weeks, just on account of the macaroni.

A doctor who had been attending a dairyman's hired girl called at the house the other day. "How's your milkmaid?" he asked of the farmer when he came to the door. "It's none of your business how our milk is made," was the indignant response, and the door slammed most emphatically.

Up from the rustling corn-field
  The crow flies toward the sun,
For he smells the black gunpowder,
  And the screened small boy with a gun.

Seals.

Sealing a letter is nowadays the work of an instant, but how was it accomplished before the invention of gummed envelopes? A correspondent of Le Livre describes the methods of sealing which have been employed from the remotest antiquity.

The first seals consisted of a ring affixed to clay, and later to chalk or a mixture of pitch, wax, and plaster. The use of wax did not become general until the Middle Ages. Beeswax, yellowed by time, was the first variety of it used, and, after it, came sealing wax mixed with a white substance. Red and green wax came in during the twelfth century, and, a hundred years later, the list of colors was supplemented by nearly all those now to be found in wax.

In the times of the First Empire, under Bonaparte, the French people began to use wafers which were brought from Italy by the soldiers of the French army. These wafers were cut with a punch from a thin leaf made of flour. Finally gummed envelopes began everywhere to replace the sealing wax and wafers. The first of these envelopes were made in England about the year 1840.

The seals chosen by different people are often interesting, as indicating personal tastes. Goethe, after his return from Italy, sealed his letters with an antique head, such as that of Socrates, Minerva or Leda. The seal of the astronomer Lalande had a ship engraved upon it, and that of Meyerbeer, the composer, had a lyre, with the legend, "always in tune."

Victor Hugo's seal was very simple, merely the letters V. H. so arranged that when inverted they formed the cipher A. H.—[Youth's Companion.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1887.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE VALUE OF PEA CULTURE.

The pea is in important element in our Southern Agriculture, where it stands very materially in the place occupied by the clover plant of the North. Both are of the leguminous species, and neither could be dispensed without disastrous effects on the operations of farmers and planters. A writer in the Southern Planter, of Richmond, Va., enumerates the several varieties of peas in common use, all of which are used in different parts of the South. He names them in the order of merit: 1. The Shinney Pea. 2. The Clay or Gray Pea. 3. The Red, Tory or Bass Pea. 4. The Blackeye Pea. 5. The Clivant Pea. 6, The Three-Crop Pea. 7. The Chickasaw Pea. 8. The Black Pea. He gives great preference however, to the Shinney pea, for its abundant yield, both of seed and vine its early maturity and quick growth, entitled to the first rank in the list of vegetable fertilizers. He believes there is no crop which can be so universally grown, or which will more readily adapt itself and situation within certain latitudes. "In almost any soil where the land is tolerably good, and not deficient in lime, the pea will, if sown or planted with dcare, with favorable weather, make a good return, and furnish an enriching and improving crop to the land." The land should be well drained.

The cultivation of peas, either as accompanying corn or as an independent crop, could be advantageously pursued a good deal more generally than it is, both as an article of food and as a vegetable fertilizer. Horses, cattle and hogs thrive on them, greedily eating them as wholesome food. As forage or fodder the pea vine is unrivaled, and when plowed undor its virtues as as a fertilizer are well known. For wheat or other small grain, for corn or for cotton, experience has fully proved its great value.

SHOULD BE REPEALED.

The *North State* declares that the internal revenue system under Democratic administration has become a thousand times more odious than it ever was. At the late terms of the United States Courts at Greensboro and at Asheville there were more people arrainged for trivial offenses than were ever seen. The hardships were never so great. The whole system should be repealed.

Abarchists in foreign countries are protesting ferveiously against the execution of the seven condemned Anarchists of Chicago. They might as well save their breath, sirce neither the people nor the authorities of this country have any respect for them or their principles. Their protest is absolutely a matter of not the slightest consequence.

Gov. Ross of New Mexico, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior says that owing to the occupation of land for agricultural purposes, the great cattle ranches are being gradually but surely circumscribed and diminished. The Governor thinks it only a question of time when the cattle ranches shall be a thing of the past.

Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, who has been nominated for Secretary of State by the Greenback party in New York, says that no man has the right to decline a nomination. This is sometimes considered to be lofty patriotism, but it is really bosh when a nomination is "tendered" to a respectable citizen by a Falstaffian squad of cheap cranks and politicians.

Mr. Powderly admits that the Knights of Labor are fewer than they were, but he says that they understand each other better. Mr. Powderly will find out that mutual understanding will continue to grow as the membership decreases.

Agriculture schools and those where different trades are taught, serve to point the way out of many difficulties. Teach a young man to be a thorough farmer, stock raiser or manufacturers, and you give him a confidence in his own ability to accomplish something in life.

Col. Fred Grant says: "My father could not talk, neither can I." The Colonel should not regret that fact. It is rather a recommendation in these days when so many candidates have more babble than brains.

A Kentuckian has invented a plan by which age can be imparted to whiskey as soon as it is manufactured. He is likely to be the choice of the Democracy of that State for the Presidential nomination.

It is said that it is seldom that "something is not got for nothing," but it comes pretty near it when the scrub steer eats the farmer's corn.

Grover Cleveland is the first of Cyclopaedie orators. He is likely to be the last.

HOW MUCH CORN.

It is right the farmers should know as near as possible the true amount of the corn crop for 1887. The estimates of the Agricultural Bureau, the Cincinnati Price Current and the Farmer's Review nearly agree. The greatest deficiency in the crop is in the five great corn States, to-wit; Ohio, Indiana. Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska. The average crop of these States for seven years previous to this was about 1,000,000,000 bushels while the balance of the States and Territories produced only an average during the seven years of 640,000,000. In the seven corn corn States namee J. R. Dodge of the Agricultural Bureau, the best statistican in the United States, estimates the corn at 64 per cent of the average crop. The Farmer's Review puts it at 57 per cent.

At this rate, in those seven corn States, putting it at 60 per cent of a crop, there are 400,000,000 bushels deficiency. If all the other States have an average crop, which is 640,000,000 bushels, the entire crop of this year is only 1,200,000,000. The amount of corn exported for the year ending June, 1886, was 63,655,433 bushels, and for the year ending June 1887, 40,309,352 bushels. So it is seen that the amount exported in any one year is less that four per cent of our production, so that our foreign demand is a very small item in the solution of our corn question.

ANOTHER INDICTMENT.

The Democrats of Broom county, one of the strongholds of the party in New York, are being rent asunder. A large body of the party charge that their late Democratic county Convention was not only run by Federal office-holders, but run in a thoroughly disreputable manner. Listen to this Democratic indictment from the President's own State, of the methods of representatives of the "reform" Administration:

The Federal office-holders spent their time in efforts by every species of political cajolery, entreaty, intimidation, trickery and chicanery, in short by all the tricks of the most unscrupulous partisan politics, to manipulate the so-called Democratic County Convention was Democratic only in name; it was the fruit of custom house interference in its primaries and run by custom house interference when assembled.

What a comment is this upon the profuse pretences of superior purity in politics which formed Mr. Cleveland's stock in trade in the campaign which gave him the Presidency? What a comment upon the foresight of the Mugwump pe of 1884 who went around remarking with the confidence of those enunciating axioms that Cleveland and Civil Service Reform were convertible terms. What a comment upon the rank insincerity that when to the making of the making of the order ostensibly designed to prevent Federal office holders from becoming offensive partisans.

THE APPLE CROP.

The last monthly report of the Department of Agriculture says: The apple crop will be very short in every section where extensively grown. Prospects have been unfavorable from the beginning of the season, aud condition has declined at every report. Only in New England and New York was there at any time a prospect of even a medium crop, and there condition has seriously fallen off, suffering a marked decline during the past month. Elsewhere generally the product will be very limited. The Atlantic and Gulf States lose from three to eighteen points during the month, variously attributed to drouth, rotting and dropping from insect injuries. Unless our correspondents hpve exaggeroted the reduction there will be in none of these sections fruit for more than home consumption, and in some States not even that. The returns from Ohio westward are of similar tenor, condition in most of the States standing at the lowest figure ever reported. There is an exception in the case of Michigan, where a crop but slightly under the average of non-bearing years is indicated. On the Pacific coast condition is comparatively high, indicating a crop or medium portions.

According to the summary of the New Orleans *Cotton World* the following is the condition of the cotton crop by States:

Virginia, 83; North Carolina, 85; South Carolina, 85; Florida, 84; Alabama, 81; Tennessee, 76; Arkansas, 77; Mississippi, 86; Louisiana, 81; Texas, 78. Average for the belt. 89 9; average last year, 84 4."

The Metlawantla Indians are in a fair way of gaining their point. They are moving to Alaska, and the Dominion authorities are seriously considering the proposition to yield in the dispute concerning the lands of the Indians in order that the tribe may continue to reside on British territory.

An exchange announcing the close of the Medical Congress at Washington, heads the article, "The Doctor's Mission Ended." This looks like a grave mistake.

The Hon. J. R. Hawley is variously called Senator, Governor and General, but his old soldiers call him "Joe" Hawley, and he says he liks that best of all.

John M. Stahl, the well known agricultural writer says: "Ninety-nine of every hundred farmers get their knowledge of and skill in their particular work by the picking-up process." He adds, however, that very few farmes show their sons or their laborers how to manage the details of farm work. "It is as if an apprentice were put in the blacksmith or carpenter shop and never taught.

Gen. Crook's account of the reported Ute rising under Chief Colorow entirely exonerates the Indians, and shows that they were themselves attacked without cause by Colorado ruffins, and were wantonly robbed of horses and cattle. But we do not hear that the rascally traders who began the trouble have been arrested, So it generally is.

Mr. Powderly thinks that strikes are the poor man's remedy. Unfortunately for this theory, the facts, in this country at least, show them to be the poor man's curse. Wage-earners have lost vastly more than they have gained by them.

President Cleveland's hand-shaking record at the recent receptions in Chicago was forty three hands per minute. Mr. Cleveland is certainly entitled to honorary admission among the Shakers.

The Democratic leaders in Ohio are still scattered through the State looking for a keynote for the campaign, but they have about given up all hope of finding it.

Now that William Patterson is to be hanged in Louisville, long debated question of who struck him is solved, The blow was administered by justice.

Judge Tourgee on Presidential Candidates for 1888.

Grover Cleveland will no doubt be the Democratic candidate for the succession. His party thoroughly understands that no Democratic candidate can be elected without aid from the Administration, and they know that he will give such support to no candidate but himself. That settles the nomination, and so far as now appears, it may as well be frankly admitted that Grover Cleveland is the strongest candidate the Democracy can nominate.

This being the case, we see that the Republican party is again brought back to the inquiry of 1860, "Who will poll the greatest number of votes as our Presidential candidate?

Three questions must be answered in order to arrive at a just determination of this inquiry:

1. Who will awaken least opposition in the party itself? Who is least complicated and embroiled by the contests of the past? To whom will all sorts and classes of Republicans rally with the least bickering and doubt, and the greatest degree of confidence and hope?

2. Who will win back the greatest number of "Mugwumps" and hold the greatest number of temperance men and labor reformers from joining in third party organizations?

3. Who will make the most positive and serious inroads into the Democratic ranks themselves, Who will be most likely to carry any State of the South? Who will best unite the old body guard and enthuse the new voters who are for the first time to wield the terrible weapon of ballotorial pewer?

There is no doubt that these questions are being seriously asked by all the thoughtful men of the Republican party, and we believe that two-thirds of them, if put upon their voir dire, would without hesitation answer, Robert T. Lincoln, of Illinois! He would poll as many votes in Ohio as Sherman; as many as Blaine in Maine; as many as Harrison in Indiana; as many as Allison in Iowa; and more in every other State than either.

If any Republican can carry a Southern State, Lincoln is the man. He does not ask preferment and has no organized following to create sentiment in his favor. He has no literary bureau and clique of whisperers in to shout and threaten in his behalt. Niether "bosses" nor gamblers have any interest in his nomination; but the rank and file of the party are turning towards him inquiring earnestly as to the fitness for leadership ann the prospect of success under his banner. Should he be called he will undoubtedly be found, like the favorite son of Jessie, quietly attending to his own affairs, rather than "looking after his fences." Though his record is doth honorable to the party and the country, and especially creditable to himself, he has never sought to make it the instrument of a personal ambition. If he is nominated, it will be because the party believes he can do more to assure success than any other man. He will come like his father, untrammeled to the performance of the highest executive function, and give his party what it needs more than than anything else, relief from the rivalry of leaders to whom it has become—in popular apprehension, if not in fact—more or less a machine for promoting their personal advancement. He will be the candidate of the people rather than of the politicians.

Aid for Southern Rivers and Harbors.

Marine Journal.

The efforts that have been made to induce the Government to restore or put into a thorough navigable condition Southern rivers and harbors have not borne the largest and ripest fruit that our Souhern friends anticipated but bread has been cast upon waters that will return some day. There is hardly a river or harbor from Norfolk around to the mouth of the Rio Grande river on the Southern coast on which the smallest steamer can float but what is an important artery of commerce, and as such should be well improved and cared for by the Government. And all these waters are of national importance. Being located in the South does not make them sectional. They are as much a part of the indissoluble union of states as the Penobscot river of Maine or the Red river of the North. The repeated efforts of the South to get Congress to improve its rivers has not met with the favorable response that the urgency of the case demanded. The appropriations that have been made have been meagre in comparison to importance and necessity, and as a consequence the whole country has been injured by the policy of the Government. The water of Charleston bar should certainly be deepened; Savannah river and its mouth should be well cared for; the St. Johns river of Florida should be approached from the sea by craft of most any size, as the commerce of the stream is growing yearly to be of more importance, and its waters should keep pace in improved facilities of navigation. Pensacola also requires the water approach to her city front put in first class order. Mobile and contiguous country is suffering from the neglect of Uncle Sam to undertake the extraordinary but necessary improvement of river and harbor. Then there is enterprising Galveston, which has been knocking at the door of Congress for lo, these years to open her great harbor for the tonnage of the world, that the greatest state in the universe and the immense territory behind and contiguous to it may be enabled to prosecute commercial life successfully. For the general, necessary and immediate improvement of all Southern waters is another important question for the coming Congress to act upon favorably.

Judge Kelley Talks Protection to a Kentucky Audience.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

The announcement that Judge W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, was to speak to the Commercial Conference last night caused the best and largest attendance yet assembled. The time set for the speech was 8 o'clock, but before that time the hall was well filled, and by the time the speaker arrived it was full to overflowing, Every seat down stairs was occupied and a great many people were forced to stand, while others found more comfortable positions in the balcony. The audience was composed of the very best class of citizens and was as appreciative as possible. Loud and continued applause greeted the appearance of the distinguished Pennsylvanian, arm in arm with Mr. Watterson and escorted by a considerable number of the Board of Trade members. In introducing Judge Kelley, Mr. Watterson said:

GENTFEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: I was asked just before entering the hall, to present our distinguised guest, Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania. and, as the suggestion fell in most agreeably with both my feelings and my sense of propriety, it required no argument or pressing to induce me to decide it in the affirmative. (Applause.) I have always been an advocate of full, fair and free discussion. (Applause.) I wish that more of the statesmen of the North came to us. as Judge Kelley has come, and I care not on what errand they come, so they bring with them the desire for truth. which I know to be his. Our differences of opinion are, on some points of public policy and political economy, very great indeed, but they have never been of a kind to obscure my friendship for his person and my respect for his abilities. (Applause.) I know him well. I have served with him not only on the floor of Congress but at the table of that Ways and Means Committee, were import duties are considered, and tariff acts are made, and a man more courteous, more courageous, more conscientious more direct and more disinterested, I never encountered. (Applause.) I should be glad to see him if he came here solely as a propagandist; but I am the more rejoiced to welcome him because of his large and liberal treatment of the South and her people. and because also, it affords me, personally, an opportunity to return him some measure of the obligations of hospitality I owe to him and his great city of Philadelphian." (Great applause)

On copying the above the Philadelphia *Press* says:

If Henry Watterson ever wants to come to Philadelphia and hold a public reception we guarantee that Judge Kelley will take pleasure in introducing him to as nice a lot of people as he ever met in his life. Colonel Watterson has always been pretty solid id Philadelphip, barring his harmless hallucinations about Free Trade, but his hospitable treatment of the venerable tariff leader on the occasion of the latter's visit to Louisville has inereased his popularity four-foid. This town belongs to Colonel Watterson whenever he wants to come and take it.

IN BRIEF, AND TO THE POINT.

Dyspepsia is dreadful, Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember:—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle, Seventy-five cents.

"I had rather be a kitten and cry mew" than groan all night and scold all day with neuralgia, when one little bottle of Salvation Oil would make me gentle and well. Pussy wouldn't you?

Coughs, hoarseness, asthma or any irritation of the throat or bronchial tubes will be relieved by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It has cured thousands. Recommend it to your friend and neighbor.

STATE ITEMS

The Newberne Journal says: The first rice of the now crop was brought to market yesterday by F. Wayne of this county.

The Tarboro Southern says: Mr. B. M. W. James, of Bethel, claims that he has discovered a new variety of grapes. It is a very large black grape with small white spots resembling the muscadine. In taste it is something like the Mish. It is a delicious grape.

The Windsor Ledger says: Quite a serious if not fatal accident occurred on Thursday last on the new railroad between Potocasi aud Rich Square, in which several negro road hands were injured. Five men are said to have been badly injured. two or whom are lying at the point of death

The Pittsboro Record says; Mr. B. J. Johnson of Moore county, has an apple tree which at three feet from the ground shoots out two branches, one pointing south and the other north, and only one branch bears yearly. The fruit is of ordinary size and will keep all the winter on the tree.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at 50c a bottle, anb Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by Wood & Wadsworth.

Superior Courts.

1st District—Judge Graves.

Gates—October 10, one week.
Hertford—October 17, one week.
Washington—October 24, one week.
Tyrrell—October 31, one week.
Dare—November 7, one week.
Hyde—November 14, one week.
Pamlico—November 21, one week.
Beaufort—November 28 two weeks.

Indispensible to the Toilet.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid cures chafing, eruptions and inflamation of all kinds; cures inflamed or sore eyes; relieves pains from bites or stings of insects and sore feet; destroys all taint of persperation or offensive smell from the feet or any part of the body; cleanses and whitens the skin. Used as a dentifrice it purifies the breath; preserves the teeth and cures toothache; sore gums and canker. A little of the Fluid in the water used in bathing is very refreshing and especially beneficial to the Sick.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRIENDS' ELEMENTARY AND HIGH SCHOOL.

A kindergarten, a Primary School, an Academy and Collegiate Institute for both Sexes.

McCulloh and Preston Sts. BALTIMORE.

18 PROFESSIONAL TEACHERT Employed.

Specialist in each department.

24TH YEAR BEGAN NINTH MONTH (SEPTEMBER 6, 1886.

For Circulars address ELI M. LAMB, Principal, or E. EMERSON LAMB, Assistant Principal.

Mme. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

Are the only ones that will give a perfect fitting garment.

MME. DEMOREST'S System of Dress Cutting.

Chart and Book of full directions, enabling any one to Cut and Fit perfectly.

Price, $3.00. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price.

MME. DEMOREST'S PORTFOLIO OF FASHIONS AND WHAT TO WEAR

Is a large Magazine of 80 pages of Fashion Notes and Styles, illustrated with about 1,000 Cuts. Sent, post-paid, for 25 cents.

THE Demorest Sewing Machine.

THIS STYLE ONLY

$19.50

High Arm.

Nearly 50,000 sold and giving perfect satisfaction.

☞Don't pay other companies $40.00 profit on a machine NOT SO GOOD AS THE DEMOREST, but buy direct of the manufacturers. Sent C. O. D.

Write for Circulars.

DEMOREST FASHION and SEWING MACHINE CO.,

17 East 14th Street, New York City

THE SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

By virtue of a deed of trust executed by F. M. Cook and wife to the undersigned to secure a debt of $3700.00 due Mrs. T. H Leary (formerly Miss Mattie P. Saunders,) and recorded in Pasquotank county, in the Register of Deeds' office, Book No. 7, page 661, at the request of the said Mrs. Leary, we shall sell for cash at public bidding before the Court House door in Elizabeth City N. C., on Thursday, Nov'r 10, 1887 at 10 o'clock, A. M. all the right, title and interest of F. M. Cook in that piece or lot of land situated in the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., and bounded on the north by Fearing street, east by the lot on which Erskine Ehringhaus now resides and a vacant lot owned by C. H. Robinson, south by Church street, and west by Pool street, containing one-half acre, more or less. There are two desirable dwelling houses situated upon the aforesaid property, viz: The dwelling at the corner of Church and Pool Sts., occupied by Miss. Eliza Cook at the time of her death, and the new and handsome dwelling now occupied by F. M. Cook. at the corner of Fearing and Pool streets. The property will be sold in separate lots if desired.

J. HEYWOOD SAWYER
W. O. TEMPLE,
Oct. 5th, 1887, Trustees

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

BILIOUSNESS

Is an affection of the Liver, and can be thoroughly cured by that Grand Regulator of the Liver and Biliary Organs,

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

MANUFACTURED BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

I was afflicted for several years with disordered liver, which resulted in a severe attack of jaundice. I had as good medical attendance as our section affords, who failed utterly to restore me to the enjoyment of my former good health. I then tried the favorite prescription of one of the most renowned physicians of Louisville, Ky., but to no purpose; whereupon I was induced to try **Simmons Liver Regulator.** I found immediate benefit from its use, and it ultimately restored me to the full enjoyment of health.

A. H. SHIRLEY,
Richmond, Ky.

HEADACHE

Proceeds from a Torpid Liver and Impurities of the Stomach. It can be invariably cured by taking

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Let all who suffer remember that

SICK AND NERVOUS HEADACHES

Can be prevented by taking a dose as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

FISH GILL NETS.

—0—

We invite the special attention of all Dealers and Fishermen to our (S), or broad S brand, as it is called by the Fishermen—of Flax Gilling Threads and Nets. This make and brand has given complete satisfaction for many years.

On and after this date, none are genuine without our name upon each package.

We guarantee its quality,

We would refer to our "Fishermen's Brand" of Cotton Gillings, made only by us; a strong and cheap Twine, making the coming Net for Shad fishing. Send for sample.

These Twines have an established reputation.

Call for these brands of your home merchant, or order of the

AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO.,

Home Office 43 Commercial St, Boston;

Branch Office 172 Fulton St, New York

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

10-26

LUMBER WANTED

GIRARD SHIPPING CO PHILADELPHIA PA

GIRARD SHIPPING CO
PHILADELPHIA
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

The Elizabeth City Academy,

FOR BOTH SEXES,

Will Open its Tenth Annual Session On September 19th, 1887

FULL CORPS OF EXCELLENT TEACHERS.

Full and thorough courses of instruction. Music and Drawing taught by a thoroughly competent teacher.

Board and tuition for pupils of the intermediate course only $100.00 for 38 weeks. Send for catalogue.

S. L. SHEEP,
Principal.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Manteo, Dare county, N. C., on Tuesday,

The 8th day of November next, the Fishery and Material belonging thereto, situated at Little Haul Over, on Croatan, Dare county, N. C., belonging to Jos. W. Etheredge.

Terms Cash; or will be made to suit the purchaser upon good security.

J. W. ALBERTSON,
Eliz. City, Sep'r 7, 1887. Trustee.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a deed of trust executed by B. C. Brothers and wife to me as trustee to recover a debt of $1300 due P. H. Morgan and recorded in Pasquotank county, in the Register of Deeds office, Book No. 6, page 645 and 646, at the request of the said P. H. Morgan, I shall sell for cash at public bidding before the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C., on Monday, August 29th, 1887, at 10 o'clock A M., that certain lot situated within the town of Elizabeth City, N C., Beginning on Poindexter street, at the S. W. corner of J. F. Sander's lot on which his Carriage Factory now stands, thence easterly 52 feet along the line of the said Sanders, thence, southerly along the lines of said Sanders and W. A. Moody 24 feet, thence westerly 52 feet to Poindexter street along a straight line parallel with Main street, thence northerly 24 feet along Poindexter street to the beginning. There is a brick store on this property.

WM. J. GRIFFIN
Trustee

☞The above sale is postponed to Wednesday, October 5th, 1887.

ESSENTIAL OILS

SASSAFRAS, PENNYROYAL, WINTERGREEN, SPEARMINT, &C.

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

86 & 88 William Street New York

10-6m

HO! FOR THE CARS and the BOATS.

"COPPER'S HACK,"

makes regular connection with all the Trains and the Steamboats, promptly meeting their arrival and departure. If notified neither passengers nor baggage will be le

"McDonald's Hack,"

Makes regular connections with all the Trains and the Steamboats, promptly meeting their arrival and departure. If not notified in time passengers nor baggage will be left.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

COMMISSION DEALERS.

J. W. WHARTON,

WHOLESALE

COMMISSION DEALER.

IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, Game, &c., In Season

No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market

FOOT OF DOCK STREET

PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

H. M. ROGERS & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers

IN

Fish. Terrapin, & Game.

11 Fulton Fish Market & 207 Front S.

NEW YORK.

Warehouse & Cold Storage, 207 Front St.

☞SHAD A SPECIALTY☜

C. T. Lanphear. A. W. Haff.

LANPHEAR & HAFF.

Wholesale Commission Dealers

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,

NEW YORK.

THE ALBEMARLE HOUSE

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Mrs. L. G. Underwood. Prop'r.

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel, It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

Mrs. UNDERWOOD spares no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for her patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.

Elizabeth City, two hours ride from Norfolk, presents especial attractions for the tourist, the invalid and home seeker.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON' N. C.

—:—0—:—

This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steame

TERMS REASONABLE.

J. L ROGERSON, Prop

"PLATFORM ECHOES."

JOHN B. GOUGH'S LAST AND BEST BOOK.

I would respectfully announce to the public that I am canvassing for this great book My district comprises the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans Chowan, Gates, Washington, Tyrrell and Dare.

This new and splendidly illustrated volume is the last book written by the world-famous John B. Gough, and was completed by him just previous to his death Every one is familiar with the story of his early life, and of his rescue from a drunkard's grave, and how this once wretched and despised sot became one of the most famous men of our time. For seven years he stood amid the horrors of delirium tremens, an abject slave to the bottle, and his condition and wretched apperarance were such as to cause people to exclaim, "There is the man who has been in hell!" The rich and poor, the high, the low, the learned and the unlearned, have been alike thrilled and moved by his burning words. He swayed brilliant audiences of royalty and fashion; spoke in state prisons jails, poor houses, penitentiaries, reform schools and houses of correction; to the deaf, and dumb, and blind; to audiences composed wholly of outcasts; and to audiences numbering thousands of children At his feet more than ten million people sat and listened admiration and wonder. In his library may be seen a set of large volumes—a far better memorial of his life and labors than any monument of marble or bronze—containing the original signatures of one hundred and fifty thousand men and women who were induced to sign the pledge through his personal efforts. These names—many of them tear-bedewed and written with trembling hand—represents stories of happiness and woe, of ruin and remorse, of blighted hopes and wasted lives, of battles fought and victory won. To give some of these thrilling life histories; to depict scenes of joy and sadness; to lift the curtain of life's stage and show its tragedy and comedy; and to draw "living truths" from the lessons thus taught, and bring them home to every heart. is the prime object of this volume.

It also contains the history of Mr. Gough's life and career, from the cradle to the grave, and the story of his death told by Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the eminent editor and divine,

"Platform Echoes" is John B. Gough in print. Stranger stories are here told than romance ever dreamed of, every one of them drawn from real life by a master hand, In every chapter he weaves in anecdote after anecdote, incident after incident story after story, and underneath them all lie "Living Truths;" that stand out as beacon lights. He plays upon the readers feelings as with an enchanter's wand, at one time filling his heart with gladness, at another blinding his eyes with tears At his bidding, hearts are melted, and stern, strong men, as well as sensitive women, weep tears of compassion, are aroused to indignation, or moved to uncontrollable laughter in spite of every effort to control their feelings. Its illustrations are the very best. It contains two hundred and twenty-seven fine engravings by the best artists and engravers in the world. Many of these illustrations are too "funny for anything," while others depict wretchedness and woe. Sixteen of these engravings are full page ones, and are magnificent specimens of art. Two hundred & nine are left illustrations. There are two fine steel plate portraits. One is from a life size full length painting, showing Mr Gough as he appears shortly after his rescue. The other is from a photograph taken just before his death. All in all it is one of the finest books ever produced by the American press.

My Postoffice address, until further notice. will be Elizabeth City, N. C.

WILLIE L. GRIFFIN

STURGEON & PORPOISE.

We have a Sturgeon twine to gill with that lifts 50 pounds—*very strong*

ALSO.

Porpoise Seines, heavy twine and large mesh,

GLOUCESTER NET & TWINE
Boston office 96 Commercial St

3-4t,

JACOB SALOMONSKY

—0—0—

The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING —and— DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

☞ *Very Lowest Prices.* ☜

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISHINGGOODS.

STORE ON WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

D. F. DONOVAN'S

FURNRITUE and CARPET HOUSE,

142 CHURCH STREET

NORFOLK, VA.

—0—

New Mattings just Opening

NEW STOCK OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, AT PRICES TO ALL PARTIES

Hoand Shades. 2 yards long will spring roller and nickel pull, at 50 cents.

A FULL LINE OF

BED ROOM AND PARLOR SUITS

ALWAYS ON HAND, AS WELL

a Large Assortment of every Article in the

FURNITURE LINE,

A Price List will be Furnished on Application.

SHAIR MATTRESSES & FEATHER-BEDS made to order. All other styles on hand and made to order at short notice.

Our Stock of Rugs & Carpets is Complet

Give Us a Trial.

SAMUEL C. PHILLIPS,
-39. Manager

H. HILGARTNER SONS

STEAM

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore

BALTIMORE, MD.

—0—0—

J. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City, N C
L. F. ZIEGLER. Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins. Whitehurst & Co.,

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS
4-tf. Agent

NORFOLK

STEAM DYE WORKS.

113 MAIN ST., NORFOLK, VA.

—0—0—

Gents' clothing cleansed, dyed and repaired. Ladies' dresses, shawls, etc., cleaned or dyed equal to new. Our dye is warranted not to smut or rub off. Branch office, 235 High street, Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. MARSHALL & CO.,
an. 27-6m. PROPRIETORS

GRANVILLE INSTITUTE,

OXFORD, N. C.

Opens September 1, 1887. Location healthy. Buildings large, well heated and ventilated. Furniture and Musical Instruments, including Pedal Organ, new. Corps of excellent Teachers, graduates of the best Schools in the New England States. Superior advantages in Music, Art, Elocution and Modern Languages. Board, with full English Course, for entire scholastic year, $150.00.

For circulars, adply to

Miss B. CLARKE, Principal.

JONES, LEE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Foot of Commerce Street,

Norfolk. Va.

☞Represented by DAVID A BURGESS

AUGUSTA EVANS WILSON'S

NEW BOOK!

It has been twelve years since this popular Authoress has written a book Mr. Dillingham takes pleasure in announcing that her new book—the best of all her works—a large volume of over 6 0 pages, beautifully bound, entitled

"AT THE MERCY OF TIBERIUS

Is now NEARLY READY,

Price, $2.00.

The many admirers of this gifted writer will hail with delight this NEW VOLUME.

500.000 COPIES HAVE BEEN SOLD OF HER EARLIER

MAGNIFICENT NOVELS.

BEULAH, $1.75
MACARIA, $1 75,
INEZ, $1.75,
ST. ELMO, $2.00,
VASHTI, $2.00
INFELICE, $2.00.

GOOD RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

For this new book, "AT THE MERCY OF TIBERIUS," on which LIBERAL TERMS will be given.

Sold everywhere, and sent by mail, *postage free,* on receipt of price, by

G. W. DILLINGHAM. Publisher.
(Successor to G. W. CARLETON & Co.)
33 West 23d Street, New York,

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy: Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine *Salvation Oil* bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TRADE MARK

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you. Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE 18, TAKES EFFECT OCT 3, 1887.

Mail and Express (Southbound) leaves Elizabeth City 12,00 P. M., Northbound, leaves at 3 30 P. M.

Edenton Accomodation, daily except on Sunday leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives 8,15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. S. R. R. Co's steam-boats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Ranger, for all points on Chowan, Scuppernong, Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Harrellsville, Winton, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherin Rivers.

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, *General Manager.*

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH
FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

☞Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch, as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., President St., Station; Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., Station, New York by P. R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

OFFICE OF
SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Oct'r 14, 1885.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL, will admit sharp-built vessels drawing five fee water, lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this Office. The Steamers W. B. Rogers and Thomas Newton leave Norfolk every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M., for South Mills; returning, leave South Mills every Tuesday, Thursday and Sarday, at 7, A. M. F. H. CAMP, Agent, Norfolk, JOHN JACOBS, Agent, South Mills.

HENRY ROBERTS, Superintenden

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS

W. G. UNDERWOOD,
Surveyor & Civil Engineer,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

☞ Prompt and Careful attention given to all kinds of work.

PALEMON JOHN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in the NORTH CAROLINIAN Building.

C. C. POOL,
Attorney & Counselor-at-Law
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Collections promptly made. ☞Special attention given to real estate.

W. J. GRIFFIN. W. O. TEMPLE
GRIFFIN & TEMPLE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the Superior and Federal Courts of the First Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Special attention given to Conveyancing and collections.

J. H. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practices in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle section, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

C. W. GRANDY E. F. AYDLETT
GRANDY & AYDLETT,
Attorneys & Counselors at Law
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Will practice in all the Courts of North Carolina. Prompt attention given to collections.

R. H. McINTOSH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at residence, on South Road Street
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

TO SPORTSMEN!

The subscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he is still at THE OLD STAND ON ROAD STREET, And keeps on hand an assortment of Rifles Pistols, Sporting Apparatus, and Cutlery. ☞Repairing in his line promptly done. GEO. W. BELL.

F. M. COOK,
JEWELER.
70 Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Mr. COOK has a well selected stock of JEWELRY and SILVER-WARE, WATCHES CLOCKS Ladies and Misses' Sets Pins and Ear Rings, Studs, Collar and Cuff Buttons Brackets Chains, Necklaces, etc.

E. C. HILL,
HOME MADE
Roofing & Guttering.
TIN WARE.
Foot of Fearing Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1887

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES

EPISCOPAL. Rev R. J. Walker, Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

The Elizabeth City Fair October 18th, 19th and 20th.

☞Fair week.

☞Go to-day and to-morrow.

☞There will be splendid trotting both days.

☞Federal court opened here yesterday, Judge Seymour presiding.

☞Farmers are busy with their cotton and peas and many are getting in their corn.

☞The weather has been favorable for the opening of cotton and the drying of corn.

☞Samuel J. Skinner esq editor of the Edenton *Fisherman & Farmer*, has retired. He wielded an able pen.

☞A Farmer Club has been organied in Camdem. Moving it the right direction.

☞Now is the time for the friends of the CAROLINIAN to send in what they owe, and it is a good time for them to induce others to subscribe.

☞Our sister town of Edenton is evidently on a boom. New buildings are going up and her business men appear to be more than hopeful.

☞Our time has been so much occupied in the management of the Fair as to make it impossible to give full attention to this week's paper.

☞Walter D. Moses & Co., of Richmond, Va,, have placed tow very superior Pianos hnd two fine Organs in the Main Building at the Fair Grounds. Prof. R. C. Penzold of the Norfolk Academy of Music will perform on them during the Fair. Visitors will have an opportunity to hear and enjoy the very best of music. Mr. Adolphus Cohn is the Agent for this firm in this State, who is on the grounds and will take orders for instruments.

☞The Cornation ceremony of the Queen of Love and Beauty by the successful Knight of the Tournament will take place at the Albemarle House on Thursday night at 9 o'clock E. F. Lamb esq. will be master of ceremony. The officers of the Ball are: *Floor Managers*: C. M. Ferebee of Camden, C. L. Pettigrew of Plymouth, C. L Riddle, J. W. Albertson, Dr. J. H. White and E. M. Underwood of Elizabeth City. *Committee of Arrangements*: E. C. Potter, Louis Selig and F. M. Grice. Price of tickets $2.50, including supper for self and lady. A good Band will furnish music.

☞The Fair opened yesterday. The lowering clouds and sprinkling rain prevented as large a crowd as was expected, and yet is was quite as large as usual on the first day. The entries in all the departments are fair. There were two races, and a Goat in the afternoon, all creating much interest. In the first race Richard B. Flora's horse from Currituck took the first premium and Maurice Wescott of Elizabeth City, the second. Particulars in our next issue.

——The Programme for to-day will be a running race at 11 o'clock a. m; a potato picking race at 1 o'clock p m; and a trotting race at 2 o'clock p m. On to-morrow there will be trotting at 10 o'clock a. m; a tournament at 11 o'clock a. m; and a trotting race at 11:30 o'clock; a. m.

☞From personal knowledge we can fully endorse the Friend's Elementary and High School of Baltimore, the card of which appears in our advertising column. This school combines a kindergarten, a primary school and an academy and collegiate institution for both sexes, under the firm but genial management of the principal Mr. Eli M. Lamb, assisted by a corps of eighteen teachers, many of whom have been connected with the institution since its foundation, this school ranks as one of the best in the country. Students sent to this school will receive careful moral and intellectual training and be fully prepared for usefulness in this world.

☞Tickets to the ball can be bad at the jewelry store of Louis Selig on Water street and at the Drug Store of F. M. Grice & Co., on Road street, and of members of the committee. The price of tickets to ball and supper will be $2.50, which will entitle the holder to take a lady. Gentlemen wishing to take more than one lady can do so at an additional cost of one dollar. Lady spectators will be charged 50 cents each. Children will be allowed to see the coronation for 25 cents, but will be required to leave immediately after the coronation ceremonies. The crowning of the queen will take place promptly at 9 o'clock.

☞Overwork is a waste of capital.

—FOR RENT: The Store Room recently occupied by Cooper & Swain, corner Main and Poindexter streets. Apply to
D. S. KRAMER

☞Sleep is better for the sick than medicine.

—M. Weisel has a beautiful selection of Carpets, which he is offering to the trade at astonishingly low prices

☞A little singular isn't it. that the man who is always claiming that Heaven is his home is always the last one to go home.

—Mrs. H. Murphy respectfully announces that she is ready to receive pupils in Free Hand sketching, and Oil Painting. Special terms to teachers.

☞Many men claim to be firm in their principles, when really they are only obstinate in their prejudices.

—Reed's fine Ladies Shoes at H. Weisel's, leader of low prices.

☞True friends visit us in prosperity only when they are invited but in adversity they come without invitation.

—H. Weisel, leader of low prices, has just returned from New York with a large New Stock of Dry Goods.

—There is no need of any one sending away for hats, as M. Weisel, agt., has a stock from which every one can be suited, both in style and price.

☞Somebody claims to have discovered a substance which is "three hundred times as sweet as sugar." The "substance" is supposed to be 18 years old and wears a bustle.

—M. Weisel has a Ladies Shoe called the JEWEL, made of bright Dongola, he is selling at $2.00, worth $2.50.

☞Who does not yearn to see the mighty future? The air probably has the hidden properties which are to be brought out when the world's fuel grows scarce. Or it may be that it will be discovered that electricity is the world's source of life, activity and energy, and that it will supplant steam and draw the chariots of commerce around the world!

—Handsome Sattins at H. Weisel's leader of low prices.

—OPENING: The Opening of Fall and Winter Millinery at Mrs. M. Hill's on Thursday and Friday, Oct. 13th and 14th.

☞There are too many people following Mark Twain's advice, "never do to-day what you can put off till to-morrow, because to-morrow you may not have to do it." We are sorry to say that some of this class are found in this section.

☞According to the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Pensions, the number of pensioners in Pasquotank are 23, in Currituck 9, in Camden 18, in Perquimans 19, in Chowan 4, in Gates 7, in Washington 14, in Tyrrell 6, in Dare 15, and in Hyde 9 The total number in North Carolina is 1,226.

☞To afford a pleasant resort for the public, the small gate at the Fair Grounds has been left unlocked during the past three weeks—the large gate being fastened at night and on Sundays. The Managers are pained to learn that the courtesy was abused by certain parties on last Sabbath. We are glad to understand that it was not our own people.

--MRS. WHITE respectfully invites the ladies to call and examine her new Fall and Winter Millineries. Styles are ever on the wing, especially so this season; birds and feathers form a conspicuous part of a ladie's head wear; also handsome Ostrich Tips in two colors, Velvets, plushes, Moire silks and fancy changeable ribbons are largely used. The little Sailors are on the go both straw and felt, simply or elaborately trimmed. Orders filled with prompuness.

LOCAL MENTION.

The editor of the CAROLINIAN returns his profound acknowledgements to the leader and members of the Band for a special personal kindness. It is appreciated and will be remembered.—Do not fail to patronize the Young Ladies' Dime Society Supper to-night, And everybody take a part in the lap robe vote,—E. F. Lamb's new residence on Matthew's street is being enclosed, Major Bell's on Sheppard street is under way, and several others are being erected.—The potato picking contest to day will be amusing. It will take place at on 1 o'clock in front of the Grand Stand. All who want to laugh should be sure to see it.—Mr. and Mrs. D S. Kramer have returned from their extended Northern visit.—Hail to the Tournament to-morrow and the grand Ball and supper to-morrow night.—Dr. Dobson returned last week and is in his office again.—Tickets for the Ball and supper for sale at Selig's Jewelry Store.—The interest shown by the Ladies in sending exhibits to the Fair is specially encouraging.—Rev. Dr. Johnston of the Orange Presbytery, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist Church on Sunday morning and evening.—Mr. Sherill the popular book agent has returned to "take in" the Fair—Dr. and Mrs. Martin of Raleigh, are visiting folks here.—The Minstrel show to-night and to-morrow night will interest the fun-loving, They come with first class recomendations—Mat. H. White met with a painful accident through a collision on the track on Friday. Glad to see him about, jovial and lively as is his nature to be.—For private and personal reasons C. L. Pettigrew has been compelled to decline to act as one of the floor managers at the Ball to-morrow night,—Some fine stock has been entered at the Fair.—Reserved seat tickets for sale at Selig's Jewelry store,—At a meeting of the magistrates on Saturday J. F. Spence was elected a county Commissoner to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of B. F. Bray.—In the Goat race Sam Moddin Jr won the first purse, Geo. Overman the second and Jas. Hill the third.

Conference of the A. M. E. Zion Church.

Editor CAROLINIAN:

The N. C. District of the Va. Annual Conference vonvened at Edenton, N. C., Oct., 12, 1887. Rev. J. H. Manly, D. D. presiding. A. Pindle was elected Secretary, A. A. Small Assistant and J. A. Bass was appointed reporter. After the appointment of the committees the several missions of the district were discussed. Rev. R. A. Fisher, delegate from the Va. district was introduced and made pertinent remarks, which was responded to by Rev. C. W. Winfield. Rev. H. H. Whedbee read a paper on the best modes of raising the general fund and how we as a Church may get out of debt. Papers were also read by Revs. R. H. Dick and C. W. Winfield. They both showed research. During their reading loud amens were heard all over the house. Miss Clara V. Banks read an excellent essay. The reports of the delegates were encouraging. A vote of thanks wns tendered the N. S. R. R. for reduced rates, and to the citizens of Edenton for kind hospitality.

J. A. BASS
Reporter.

Items from Newbegun

Editor CAROLINIAN:

Our farmers are now busy picking cotton and peas, but both crops are short. But little cotton has yet been sold as 2½ cents is considered too little.—As Benoi Cartwright a young man aged 18 years and a colored boy were hunting for coons on the night of the 12th inst, just before the tree was ready to fall Cartwright took the dog, as he supposed beyond the reach of the top, but it fell on both, killing them instantly.—Messrs Small and Weeks have returned with large stocks of goods.—On the 12th inst near Nixonton by Rev. N. H. Cox, Mr. Blount Whedbee of Perquimans was married to Miss Mattie Riddick.—Charles L. Weeks has bought the W. H. Jackson farm near this place, containing 250 acres. The price paid was $2500. All good lands that are offered for sale in this locality find ready purchasers.—Miss Geneva Davis, who has been quite ill, is slowly recovering.

AGRICOLA.

Rules on "Going Security."

1. No married man ought to indorse a note without his wife's knowledge and consent. 2. He ought never to sign a note for a larger sum than he could pay without seriously embarrassing his business. 3. He should never sign a note simply because he feels sure that there is no possible danger of his being called on to pay it, but with the full knowledge of the responsibility he assumes as an endorser and with the determination of walking up and paying it the day it is due if the principal is not able to meet it. 4. As indiscriminate indorsing will bring financial ruin to any man, and as the man who asks another to indorse for him must be ready to return the favor, the safe way to indorse is to agree with some man in whom you have confidence to sign his notes while he does the same for you, and each must agree not to indorse to the amount of a dollar for any one else except by mutual consent.—W. F. Brown in Ohio Farmer.

Foundation of Success in Farming.

The first requisite for profitable management of a farm, and for any business in fact, is to reduce the outlay for expenses, and when a farmer buys his flour, butter and meat instead of producing them and having a surplus of them to sell, he neglects this primary principle of good farming. Farmers of forty years ago, and some of the present day, supplied their households with wool and flax for domestic use as well as with their flour, vegetables, honey, fruit, vinegar, butter cheese, pork beef and mutton. The well stocked cellar and larder, with the well furnished closets, showed that the cardinal principle of prosperity "to grow his own feeding stuff" was not neglected. —Henry Stewart in New York Times.

A House Divided Against Itself.

The congress of Socialists repudiates Anarchism, and yet Anarchism is nothing but Socialism brought down from the clouds of theory and planted in the soil of fact.—Chicago Herald.

Indianapolis Again Republican.

In the city election an Indianapolis Tuesday, Denny, Republican, was elected mayor, and Bowlus, Republican, city clerk, by majorities estimated all the way from 590 to 1600. Denny's majority two years ago was but 16. The Republicans gain also in both branches of the council and will control both bodies

Very much of human misery and distress is caused by sickness. The true method is to prevent sickness, which can be safely and cheaply accomplished by the use of Laxador Price only 25 cents.

A word to young mothers—Do not dose your darlings with every old grandmother's receipt, (no disrespect) but use that invaluable preventive of children's diseases—Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lunge; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery

Trial Bottles free at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

Original contributions solicited for this column. Answers must accompany and puzzles.

We went to the Milliner's Openings last week. This is always an event in the social world, but last week being the week before the Fair, perhaps the ladies were a little more interested than usual. Mrs. White and Mrs. Hill both on Road St., made a "perfectly lovely" display of hats and bonnets, bonnets especially. The poets song was never more true.

"Of all the charms sweet woman wears
Of all her manly traps and snares
Number each one, but naught compares
With a perfect duck of a bonnet."

Why "duck?" Perhaps the poet could answer; but every bird except the duck seems represented. We hoped a change was at hand, so much has beeh said and sung of the cruelty of wearing birds on bonnets, but Dame Fashion, like a too indulgent mother has whispered to Beauty "No matter what they say dear, you shall have your pretty birds." They are presty to be sure—we like the old fashioned plumes better though!

A great many strangers visited our city last week, and the Fair grounds were full of busy people getting ready for next week. How pleasant it seemed to see so many people. That is what the city needs—more farmers in the suburbs; more business men in town; more opportunities for industry.

Our Boys and Girls are growing up, and improving their advantages it is true, but without opportunity how can any one or in any city succeed? The Girls of Raleigh have an opportunity during Fair week of helping to increase the good name of their city, by the practice of the pleasing arts of hospitality. When the Bingham Cadets are in town, they are invited to sociables at St. Mary's Academy and the Peace Institute, where tenchers and pupils unite in making the hours so pleasant for them that they wish to come again next year. We recall seeing these Cadets marching up and down Fayetteville St, and noting their fine appearance. Raleigh is a live city Fair week, We gladly make place for the following lines written on Fair Week in Raleigh, 1880,

Fair week jolly in Raleige!
All in a stir,
All in a whirr
Music and money in Raleigh,
"Gay little city decked so fine!",
'Welcome sons and daughters mine."
Fayetteville St. in Raleigh,
Bright eyes gain light,
Dim eyes win sight,
To view the sons of Raleigh—
While "to right," and "to left,"
Wheel "the cadets" blithe and deft.
Sons of soldier boys of Raleigh—
So quick they stept,
Such time they kept,
All hailed them "Pride of Raleigh."
Though in you dear mother's face
Joy and grief combined we trace.
Remembered times in Raleigh
Her own spring time
When wars bold chime
Called soldier boys for Raleigh!
When Raleigh soldier boys lay slain,
Cold on Shiloh's bloody plain.

Answers to puzzles received from I. R. and E. M.

COUSIN EVELEEN

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF OCT 12

To Enigma by E M—Presence of mind.
To Charade by Rex of E. City—Hare-bell.
To Decapitations by M—No, 1. G-old No. 2. S-tone.

ENIGMA
By E. M.

I am composed of 29 letters.
My 3 2 1 11 4 12 27 9 7 one of the popular inventions of the last decade.
My 9 7 10 11 a city of
My 21 20 5 19 15 21 18 help in the harvest
My 14 13 18 6 12 16 a queen of Bible history.
My 12 15 13 14 11 9 where the good shall be rewarded.
My 29 7 near friends.
My 22 27 28 29 useful at table.
My 26 16 9 what the race horse runs to do.
My whole is a wise old saying.

CHARADE.
By Rex of E. City.

In the orchard sweet and ripe
My first each year is found,
In forests too—beware t'will gripe!
All colors, long and round.
My second Christmas ought to bring
To table great or small
The children do its welcome ring,
In cottage and in hall.
My whole and second are the same
Grewn rich and given a well-known name.

CROSS WORD ENIGMA,
By Pansy.

In October but not in May,
In lose but not in pay,
In big but not in little,
In shave but not in whittle,
In chicken but not in hen,
In crow but not in wren,
In once but not in then,
My whole is the name of a vile weed.

DECAPITATION.
By M.

No. 1. Behead an article of furniture and leave a beauty seldom va'ued till lost.
No. 2 Behead a serious ailment and describe a fashionable lady's dress.

A Demand of Southern Protectionists.

Atlanta Constitution.

Brother Watterson sees in Mr Randall's visit to Atlanta a hideous conspiracy against the whiskey ring. And that is about the size of it. The whiskey ring must go.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight allum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall-street, New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box

FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

Wholesale Department.

FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store, and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine their Goods. Prices Guaranteed.

Carpet Department.

Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO. have opened a Carpet Room, where you will find Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna Tapestry and Oil Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 1 to 2 yards wide.

Cloak & Clothing Department.

Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks & Wraps from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $3.50.

FOWLER & CO., havs 1800 feet more Space now to do business in and their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a larger variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

FOWLER & CO'S. Shoe Store is over run with Boots, Shoes and Hats; but every one who comes is politely waited on. Mail orders promptly filled.

J. B. FLORA
GROCER and TOBACCONIST,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, OILS, ETC
South West Corner Main and Water Streets.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

FLORA'S reputation for being one of the best BUYERS to be found anywhere having been established. Buying large quantities direct from the Manufacturers, thereby saving the "middle man's" profit, enables him to sell cheaper and put money in the pockets of his customers.

If you have not called on him do so at once; he will save you money

Dupont's Powder, Seal N. C. Smoking Tobacco, James Reid & Co's Cakes and Crackers, Harrison Bro's & Co's. R. M. Paints, Stiner's Malt, and English Plum Pudding, Sold at Factory Prices.

☞The Highest Cash Prices paid for all Country Produce

LOGS. 500,000 FEET LOGS.
Half a Million feet of Saw Logs
Wanted in the next three months
AT M. UNDERWOOD'S.

NEWS EMPORIUM.
The latest News, Periodicals & Libraries

Bibles, School Books, Poets Novels, etc., at New York

ALBUMS, SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPPLIES, STATIONERY Tablets, Blank Books, Musical Instruments, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery etc.

—WARES.—
Queens-Ware, Porcelain, French & Decorated ware, Glass-ware Chandeliers, Window Glass, etc.

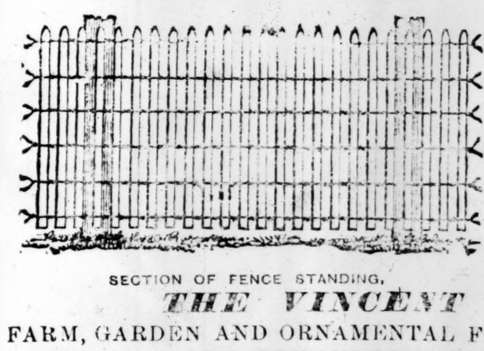
FURNITURE,
Household Furnishing Goods,
Tin-ware, Wooden-ware Table Cutlery Baskets, Childrens' Carriages, Novelties Carpets Floor & Table Oil Cloth, Wall Paper,

P. W. MELICK.

By all means call and see MELICK Wholesale and Retail Establishment if you want to Save Money.

Low Prices Quick Sales, Square Dealing

THE BEST FENCE IN THE WORLD.



SECTION OF FENCE STANDING.

Roll of six rods of Fence, ready to load or ship. Weight about 100 lbs.

THE VINCENT COMBINATION
FARM, GARDEN AND ORNAMENTAL FENCING, THE CHEAPEST, STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE AND PRETTIEST FENCE EVER CONSTRUCTED.

Posts, Post-hole Diggers, Staples, Gates, Tree Guards, and Everything in our line kept in Stock

Every man looking to his interest will examine our Fence before erecting any other. The fence is manufactured under and protected by letters patent, Nos. 204-310, 240-690, 264-683, 264-684. Any infringements will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. Full descriptive circulars sent on application. Orders promptly attended to. Manufactured and for sale by

O. M. STYRON,
84 Union St., Norfolk, Va

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

FREE FOR MEN ONLY
TRIAL PACKAGE.

Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES, A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Excesses, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your troubles, and secure TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illust'd Pamphlet.

VIGOROUS HEALTH

Avoid the imposition of pretentious remedies for these troubles, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims. Take a SURE REMEDY that HAS CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease its specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The [illegible] elements of life are given back, the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MFG CHEMISTS,
306½ N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

THE BLAISDELL CHAIR
PRICE $6.00

IS A COMFORT AND NECESSITY which should be with every Family, Hospital, Student, Library and Pleasure Resort.

Its *CHANGES* and *COMBINATIONS*, its *DURABILITY* and *CHEAPNESS*, its *EASE* and *ELEGANCE*, its adaptability for Hammock, Invalid, Library, Lawn, Steamer and general Reclining Use, have made it the

CHAMPION CHAIR OF THE WORLD

☞Catalogue, Photos and testimonials FREE.

AGENTS and DEALERS WANTED!

Mention this Paper.

PRICE $6.00 And Upwards.

THE BLAISDELL CHAIR CO.,
96 HIGH ST., BOSTON, MASS.

BEST ENGLISH TWIST BARRELS,

THE ITHACA GUN

DAMASCUS STEEL BARRELS,

$35

$50 to $200.

MOST DURABLE AND BEST SHOOTING GUN MADE.

Strong, simple, well-balanced. All have Top Lever, Low Hammers, Rebounding Locks, Interchangeable Parts, Extension Rib, Self-Fastening Compensating Fore End, Rubber Butt Plate.

Close Hard Shooting Guns at Long Range a Specialty.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

ITHACA GUN CO., - - - ITHACA, N. Y.

ROANOKE COLLEGE,
In the Virginia Mountains.
—$149, $176, or $204 A YEAR—

Thorough instruction; good discipline; best moral influences. Students from many States. Graduates in 28 States. North Carolina well represented. 35th Session begins Sept. 14th. Illustrated catalogue free. Address JULIUS D. DREHER, Pres't., Salem, Va.

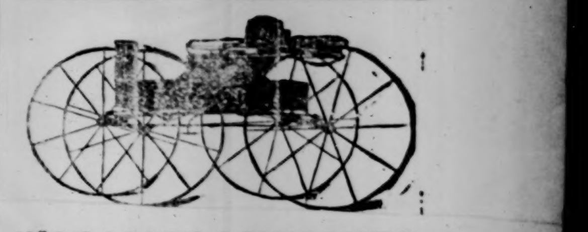
"A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE."

CAPTIVATING! USEFUL! Eloquent Discussions, and Diplomatic Papers on the Great Public Questions of the Past and Present, by JAMES G. BLAINE.

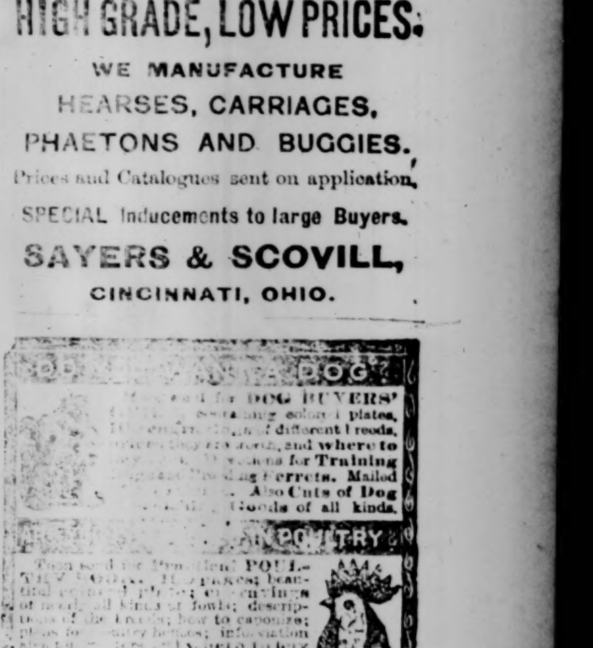
Embracing his masterly arguments on the vital issues in the *Anti-Slavery Struggle*, the *All Important Labor Question, Prohibition, Irish Home-Rule*, etc., etc. ☞A FORTUNE FOR BOOK CANVASSERS! APPLICATIONS FOR TERRITORY COMING IN WITH A RUSH! THE HENRY BILL PUBLISHING CO., NORWICH, CT.

EXCELSIOR
COOK STOVES
ALWAYS SATISFACTORY
EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS
ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED
MANUFACTURED BY
Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.
AND FOR SALE BY
D. B. BRADFORD & CO.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

SAYERS & SCOVILL
VEHICLES.



HIGH GRADE, LOW PRICES.
WE MANUFACTURE
HEARSES, CARRIAGES,
PHAETONS AND BUGGIES.
Prices and Catalogues sent on application.
SPECIAL Inducements to large Buyers.
SAYERS & SCOVILL,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.



BOOK FOR DOG BUYERS' [illegible] colored plates, [illegible] different breeds, [illegible] and where to [illegible] for Training [illegible] Ferrets. Mailed [illegible] Also Cuts of Dog [illegible] Goods of all kinds.

POULTRY [illegible] POULTRY [illegible]

BIRDS [illegible] BOOK OF CAGE [illegible] 120 pages. 150 Illustrations. Beautiful colored plate. [illegible] breeding of all kinds Cage [illegible] How to build and stock [illegible] All about Parrots. Prices of [illegible] birds, cages, etc. Mailed for [illegible] The Three Books, 40 Cts.

ASSOCIATED FANCIERS,
237 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR MAN AND BEAST!
Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,
Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin, Cracks,
Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

THOUSANDS OF THE BEST
$38 GOLD WATCH
EVER MADE ARE SELLING IN OUR
CO-OPERATIVE CLUBS.
THIS IS THE BEST,
CHEAPEST,
MOST CONVENIENT
And only co-operative System of selling watches. The watches are American Lever Stem Winders, containing every essential to accuracy and durability, and [illegible] Patent [illegible] for [illegible] and [illegible]

Our Co-operative Club System brings them within the reach of every one.

We want an active, responsible representative in EVERY CITY and TOWN.

Heavy profits guaranteed on limited capital.

Write for full particulars. AGENTS!

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CLUB CO.
P. O. Box 923, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

REFERENCES:
Keystone National Bank; The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co., or any Commercial Agency.

New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. Baltimore, Md.
Chicago, Ill. Detroit, Mich. St. Louis, Mo.
Pittsburgh, Pa. Harrisburg, Pa. Wilmington, Del.
Boston, Mass. Denver, Col. [illegible]

AGENCIES:

RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.

Collision Between Freight and Express Trains in Indiana.

Many Persons Instantly Killed or Burned Alive.

Many persons killed or burned alive, and numerous maimed, is the result of the latest railroad horror in the West. It took place the other night at Kouts Station, Ind., a little place fifty miles east of Chicago, on the Chicago and Atlantic Railroad. A heavy fresh-meat freight train telescoped the evening train, the New York express, which leaves Chicago at 7:45 P. M.

The express, with one baggage car, two coaches and one sleeper, had stopped at the water tank for water about one mile west of Kouts. There the engineer discovered a part of the engine out of gear, and a stop was made to fix it. A signal is said to have been sent back to stop the next train, should it come along while the "passenger" was still at the water tank; but for some reason this signal was ignored, if sent, and the meat train, which runs at a high rate of speed, crashed into the passenger-express. The entire passenger train, consisting of five cars, was completely wrecked. Amid the pandemonium of crashing timbers and human shrieks and toppling fragments of the wreck came the cry of fire. The confused mass of splintered and broken wood was in flames.

The engine of the freight plunged so far into the rear Pullman that its upper works dropped off in the centre of the coach. The concussion drove the second heavy sleeper into the day coach, which was reduced to splinters. The platforms of every car were torn away. The ends of each coach were broken like egg shells. The cars of the freight train were hurled in every direction. The upper works of the engine were torn away, the tender thrown across the track and piled up for twenty rods. About the prairie were hundreds of pounds of meat.

There were improved heaters on the express train, but notwithstanding this supposed improvement over the deadly stove the coals in the heater quickly set fire to the upholstery of the rear Pullman, and in five minutes a flame which at first was scarcely larger than a ribbon spread into a brisk blaze and soon enveloped the shattered coaches and their screaming occupants. The light from the fire illuminated the sky for miles around and startled the farmers, who had not yet gone to bed. Through the rain and mud the rescuers came. The crews of both trains who had escaped with but slight injuries were already hard at work dragging the helpless passengers from their blazing prisons. Nearly all were found to have been hurled to the front end of the coaches, where they were pinned and crushed by the heavy timbers and irons of the platforms. One man, the head of a Bohemian family, lay between the baggage car and the day coach. A brake rod had been driven through his neck and thus impaled he perished, while his family lay writhing in frightful agony beside him. The fire burned with the appalling rapidity of all railroad fires.

Reinforced by the farmers and their sturdy boys, the trainmen set about their work with a will. There was water close at hand, and pailful after pailful was dashed into the crackling mass. The railroad officials claim that there were only twenty passengers on the train, but the men who stood about the wreck declared that the screams and appeals of mercy came from double that number of human beings. The Pullmans, although the first to receive the shock, did not leave the track, but burned where they stood. So far as known not a life was lost in these coaches. There were few persons in the berths, and though they were hurled one upon the other, all escaped through the windows before the flames burst through the floor. It was in the day coach that the slaughter occurred. This frail box was smashed to atoms. The sides flew out and the heavy roof sprang into the air and then came down upon the score or more of human beings who lay pinned beneath the seats.

W. A. Duncan, of Syracuse, N. Y., Secretary of the Chautauqua Assembly, said: "Our train got into Kouts at 7 o'clock this morning, and then we were told of the wreck which occurred two miles west of the town. I, with several other gentlemen visited the scene of the disaster. There were hundreds of people around, but every one seemed to be so dazed and excited that little had been done to assist the wounded. When we got there a most sickening sight met our eyes. Strewn all along the track amid the wreckage were ten or twelve charred bodies.

"I saw a little Bohemian boy who was hurt propped up against the fence dying, and there in front of him lay his dead mother, father and two sisters. It was impossible to secure names, as every one was half out of their wits, and it was a long time after the accident occurred that any assistance was rendered.

"I hunted up the night operator at Kouts, and he gave me the following account of the disaster, which is about correct: 'The train wrecked was No. 12, which left Chicago at 7:45. The train was made up of five cars, the two rear ones being Pullman sleepers. Just before the train arrived at Kouts, the eccentric of the engine broke and the engineer slowed up for repairs. The brakeman hung out a danger signal light. The train had stopped but a short time when the train behind, which proved to be the fast Chicago "meat" train rushed on at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. She struck the rear coach, telescoped it and the two in front, and left nothing but the front baggage-car standing. The three coaches were swept completely away, nothing but the trucks being left standing.'

"The wreckage immediately caught fire, and the wounded and dead lay in the flames and were burned beyond recognition. The people around there said that about ten people were burned, but I think there were at least fifteen, as I saw a dozen bodies laid out."

THE CORN CROP.

An Estimate of the Yield--Comparison With Last Year.

The Chicago daily *Trade Bulletin* has received the averages of the condition of the corn crop by States from the Department of Agriculture at Washington and makes the following calculations: Area planted in 1887, reported at 77,986,392 acres, an increase of 2,292,184, or 3 per cent. compared with the returns of 1886. The average condition by States is 72.6 and the average yield 19.95 bushels. The Department of Agriculture reports the condition at 72.8, and the yield at 20.02 bushels. The aggregate yield is calculated at 1,555,608,000 bushels. The yield in the seven States which produce the commercial surplus is 883,000,000 bushels, or 117,000,000 bushels less than last year. Of the area planted this year in these States a full crop representing 100 per cent. would be about 1,375,000,000 bushels. The average yield in the corn belt is 21.80 bushels, against 25.40 bushels last year.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

BOSTON CORBETT, who shot John Wilkes Booth, is hopelessly insane in Kansas.

THE health of the poet Swinburne is failing, and he is living a quiet and uneventful life.

CARL SCHURZ is said to be permanently crippled by the result of the fall on the ice last winter.

THE continued ill-health of Lord Salisbury, the British Premier, causes much uneasiness among his friends.

INTERSTATE COMMISSIONER MORRISON has been granted a pension of $12 per month as a soldier in the Mexican war.

THE Empress of Austria is no longer able to enjoy her favorite pastime of horseback riding. Her physicians forbid it.

MR. CHEVREUL in the French Institute of Sciences occupies a chair next to that of M. Poincarre. The former is 102 and the latter thirty-three years old.

MAJOR-GENERAL BAIRD, United States Army, who has been attending the French mobilization manœuvres on behalf of our War Department, has been decorated with the Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

PRINCE BISMARCK possesses some of the largest and finest forests in Northern Germany, and with the exception of Prince Furstenberg, who is Lord of Schwarzwald, he is probably the largest timber merchant in the Empire.

SAM SMALL, the revivalist, has pledged his word that he will convert a member of Congress before next summer's adjournment. He intends to hold a determined revival at Washington in December and then make that city his permanent residence.

MRS. HETTY GREEN, of New York, is credited with being the largest capitalist of her sex in the United States. Her wealth would possibly foot up from $35,000,000 to $40,000,000. She inherited $13,000,000, married $1,000,000, and has made the rest by shrewd financiering.

THE oldest ex-United States Senators now are Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, born in 1799; James Bradbury, of Maine, born in 1805; Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, born in 1808, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, born in 1809.

NEWS SUMMARY

Eastern and Middle States.

THE Gloucester (Mass.) fishing schooner Peregrine White has picked up at sea a floating mass of ambergris weighing 125 pounds, and estimated to be worth about $60,000. Ambergris is a secretion which comes from a whale's intestines, and is highly valued for perfumery purposes.

ALONZO WHYLAND, seventy years old, was gored to death by a bull on a farm near Albion, N. Y.

COLONEL A. W. QUINT, of the Quartermaster's Department, United States Army, committed suicide by hanging at Manchester, N. H. He had been suffering from nervous prostration.

OGDEN, CALDER & Co., bankers and brokers of Troy, N. Y., have failed. The liabilities are stated at $500,000.

NINE New York and Brooklyn chandelier manufactories shut down, owing to the men's insistance upon the Half Holiday law. Between 3,000 and 4,000 brass workers were thrown out of employment.

A GREAT public reception was given by the citizens of Boston in Faneuil Hall to General Paine and Mr. Burgess, the owner and the designer of the yacht Volunteer, winner of the recent international race.

A BODY of about 150 New York policemen mistook an order, and with drawn clubs dispersed a mass meeting of the Progressive Labor Party in Union Square. The police struck right and left, and the 3,000 people present fled in dismay. Indignation meetings have been held, and the punishment of the police demanded.

THE principal sugar refiners of the country are reported to be forming a combination, with a united capital of $50,000,000. The great bulk of the business is centered in New York.

THOMAS C. MANNING, United States Minister to Mexico, died a few days since in New York, where he had gone to attend a meeting of the Peabody Educational Fund. Judge Manning was about fifty-one years old, and was a native of North Carolina. He moved in 1855 to Louisiana and served in the Confederate army. He was for some years Supreme Court Justice of Louisiana.

South and West.

THE Mexican war veterans of the United States will meet in Fort Worth, Texas, November 8-10, and it is expected that there will be delegates from most of the States.

SAN FRANCISCO is excited over revelations showing that well-known citizens have frequently bought up jurors.

THE tug Orient foundered in Lake Erie during the recent storms and her crew of six men were lost.

THE first snow of the season in the Upper Missouri Valley fell on Thursday. The mountain peaks of Montana are white with snow.

A FEUD between the Turner and Sanders families in Kentucky has already resulted in the killing of five men.

THE corpses of seven men who had evidently been murdered were found among the ruins of a disreputable resort at Hurley, Wis.

SEABORN GREEN and Silas Hamplin—the latter an Indian—were hanged together at Fort Smith, Ark., for murder.

YELLOW FEVER exists in an epidemic form at Tampa, Fla. Many inhabitants have left the city.

A TRAIN containing Governor Foraker, of Ohio, was derailed near Zanesville. The Governor escaped by crawling through a window.

IN the United States Circuit Court at Richmond, Va., Judge Bond fined Attorney-General Ayres $500 for bringing suit under the law known as the "Coupon crusher," in disobedience of his injunction order, and committed him to jail for refusing to pay the fine. He also fined the Commonwealth's Attorneys of Fauquier and Loudon counties for disobeying the same order, and committed them until the fines are paid and the suits brought are dismissed.

A CELEBRATION was had in Cincinnati a few days since by upward of 200 employes of Procter & Gamble on the occasion of the firm paying its first semi-annual share of profits to the workmen. The shares paid the men, 13½ per cent. on their wages for six months, aggregated $93,000. Some workmen got as much as $40. This is the first dividend under the share plan since its adoption.

JOHN OWENS, a trusted messenger of the Pacific Express Company, residing in St. Louis, has robbed his employers of between $30,000 and $60,000.

THE Knights of Labor General Assembly at Minneapolis voted down a resolution of sympathy with the condemned Chicago Anarchists by 151 nays to 52 yeas.

THE banking house of Morton E. Post & Co., Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, has failed, owing depositors, many of them working people, about $500,000.

THE opening ceremonies of the Piedmont Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., included addresses by Governor Gordon and Hon. Samuel J. Randall.

FOREST fires in the slope counties of California have burned over many farms and destroyed numerous bridges.

NEWMAN & FARR, heavy cattle dealers of St. Louis, have failed, carrying down also the Niobrara Land and Cattle Company. The liabilities are heavy.

Washington.

WASHINGTON is the best shaded city in the world. At present there are 63,000 shade trees in its streets.

GENERAL ROCHESTER thinks the army salary list will call for $318,000 extra next year.

GENERAL BERDEN has prepared drafts of seven pension bills, which he proposes to have offered in Congress at the coming session.

THE last report of the Department of Agriculture shows the average condition of crops to be as follows: Corn, 72.8; oats, 95; barley 80; buckwheat, 77; potatoes, 61.5; cotton, 76.5; tobacco, 75.5. The yield of corn will be about 450,000,000 bushels; oats, 600,000,000; barley, 24,000,000.

THE percentage of funds which depository banks may be allowed to hold upon bond securities has been increased, in order to allow the banks to make profitable use of the funds. The Treasury surplus is now being used in this way.

Foreign.

GERMANY has paid $12,500 as indemnity to the family of the French gamekeeper recently killed on the frontier of the two countries by a German soldier.

MULEY EL HASSAN, Sultan of Morocco, is dead.

OWING to an alarming increase in brigandage, several counties in Hungary have been placed under martial law.

SEVERE earthquake shocks have occurred within a few days in Greece and Cuba.

THE Austrian steamer Hapsburg collided with and sunk a Bavarian steamer on Lake Constance. Many passengers in the cabin were drowned.

A YACHT capsized in Lough Neagh, Ireland, and out of a pleasure party of a dozen five were drowned.

A FRENCH steamer was wrecked in the Bay of Bormes, and twenty-two passengers were lost.

DURING an election riot at Plevna, Bulgaria, twenty-four persons were killed and thirty wounded.

A LARGE Spanish force has been ordered to the Caroline Islands to punish the natives for their rebellious acts. The American corvette Essex has been ordered to protect the missionaries on the islands.

AYOUB KHAN, the leader of the revolt against the Ameer of Afghanistan, has been killed in battle.

A NUMBER of prominent French officials are charged with being accomplices of General Caffarel, of the War Department, who has been caught selling civil decorations to whomsoever would buy. The affair has caused great scandal in France.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

MULDOON, the wrestler, is having a play written to display his muscle.

MARIE ENGLE is to have $20,000 for singing in American cities this winter.

They are talking of establishing a theatre in Chicago exclusively for colored people.

A GOOD many native dramas dealing with American subjects have been brought out this season.

THE Edwin Booth-Lawrence Barrett company drew $7,500 in two performances in Minneapolis.

BRONSON HOWARD's new play, Henrietta, has made an undoubted success at the Union Square Theatre, New York.

JOHN SLEEPER CLARKE's American tour—his first in twenty years—opened in Pittsburg recently. He revived "Widow Hunt."

THE Wild West show concludes its London season October 31. There is some talk of taking it to Paris, but it will probably return to America.

LILIAN OLCOTT announces that she has purchased the American rights to produce Sardou's new play which he has written for Sarah Bernhardt.

FARMER DAVID L. DICKINSON, of Chatham N. J., makes a specialty of raising owls. He is a skillful taxidermist, and makes a good deal of money by the sale of the stuffed specimens. This year he has eleven broods of young owls.

CONTRACT LABOR.

Carrying Out the Federal Law in New York.

Proceeding Against a Church For Importing a Minister.

The new Federal law forbidding the importation of contract labor has resulted in a peculiar case at New York. Particulars as given by the *Tribune* are as follows:

Banker J. S. Kennedy has put on war-paint and resolved that the Church of the Holy Trinity and the Rev. E. Walpole Warren shall not violate the law prohibiting the importation of contract labor. He has studied out the meaning of the words "labor" and "contract," he has read the law carefully and he has decided, and United States District Attorney Walker agrees with him, that the fashionable congregation at Forty-second street and Madison avenue are malefactors.

There is deep method in Mr. Kennedy's conduct. Not content with being a banker, he is President of the St. Andrew's Society. In looking after the interests of immigrants the case of the Scotch gardener, M. Cummings, attracted his notice. Cummings came to this country to enter the service of a Kentucky gentleman, but Collector Magone detained Cummings under the Contract Labor law, as an agreement has been made in Great Britain that Cummings should perform services as a skilled gardener here. A United States Judge wrestled with the case and sent Cummings back to Scotland. A short time afterward Cummings came back to America without any "contract" or agreement, and now is probably watering the grounds of the Kentucky gentleman who wanted him at first.

Mr. Kennedy's ire arose over this case and he resolved to make the law appear as ridiculous to others as it appeared to him. If the poor and lowly were to be subject to such a rigid interpretation of the law it was only right that the rich and highly should suffer. The Rev. E. Walpole Warren, who was recently called to the pastorate of the Church of the Holy Trinity, came from England, and he didn't start for this side until an agreement had been made with the officers of the church. Here was an excellent opportnnity for the crusading banker to make a test case. Before Mr. Warren's arrival Mr. Kennedy wrote to Collector Magone, calling his attention to the facts and saying that he was legally advised that Mr. Warren could not be permitted to land without violating the letter and spirit of the law. But the Collector didn't appear to share the banker's views and Mr. Warren was not prevented from landing.

Secretary Fairchild was then appealed to by Mr. Kennedy to enforce the law. Mr. Kennedy, in his letter to the Secretary, ended as follows:

"I need hardly add to the assurance contained in my letter to the Collector that I take this action with the kindest feelings toward the Rev. Mr. Warren and toward his congregation, which numbers several of my personal friends, and solely for the purpose of calling public attention to what I believe to be an unjust and unreasonable law. I see no reason, however, why a law should be enforced in the case of a poor gardener or mechanic and should not be enforced in the case of the chosen head of a rich city congregation, to whom it equally applies."

The Treasury Department replied to Mr. Kennedy's letter by referring him to United States District-Attorney Walker, who might prosecute a suit against a corporation or person violating the law. Mr. Kennedy wrote to Mr. Walker, and that official responded in a letter in which he said:

"Notwithstanding first impressions to the contrary, I have reached the conclusion that the case presented is within the statute, and that it is my duty to bring suit against the church for $1,000 penalty."

LATER NEWS.

R. S. HICKS, Cashier of the Stafford (Conn.) National Bank, has been arrested charged with embezzling $80,000. Hicks is also Treasurer of the Stafford Savings Bank, which is a heavy sufferer by his downfall. The defaulter is a young man, and has lost much money in cotton speculation.

THE American Bankers' Association has been in session at Pittsburg.

ROBERT GARRETT has resigned as President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. William F. Burns is acting as President.

A FIRE destroyed a portion of the Northern Ohio Insane Asylum, near Cleveland, Ohio. Six maniacs perished.

THE fishing schooner T. C. Tarr, of Gloucester, Mass., and her crew of fifteen men are given up as lost by her owners.

A BOX containing dynamite exploded at the Callao (Penn.) Custom House with terrible effect. Twelve of the persons present were blown into fragments, three others died shortly afterward, and nineteen others were expected to die from injuries received.

DAVID STAIN and Oliver Cromwell Smith, charged by the former's son with having killed Cashier Barron, of the Dexter, (Me.) Savings Bank, nine years ago, have been taken to Dexter. "Doc" Andrews, another man mentioned in connection with the crime, has been arrested at Bangor. Smith declares he never was in Dexter.

THE Yacht Nettie has been lost in Lake Superior with all on board—six persons.

A FOND DU LAC (Wis.) burglar attacked Mrs. William Koehne and her two daughters with a club, nearly killing them all.

THE coinage of the United States mints during September was 8,757,045 pieces.

AN excellent counterfeit of the five-dollar gold piece is in circulation. It is perfect in form, size and weight, and is marked as having been coined in 1855.

GENERAL BOULANGER, the French ex-War Minister, has been arrested by the Government for utterances regarding the Caffarel scandal. General Caffarel has been found guilty of selling civil decorations and been placed on the army's retired list. He will also be deprived of his decoration of the Legion of Honor.

THE COUNTRY'S CROPS.

Condition of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Cotton, Etc.

The latest statistical report of the Department of Agricultural makes an increase of only one-half of 1 per cent. in the condition of corn. The past month has been generally favorable, but the status of a large part of the crop was fixed at the date of the previous report. The general average of condition is 72.8 instead of 72.3. The average of the seven surplus States is 64.9 instead of 64.2 in September. This is a lower condition than has ever been reported, except in 1881, when the average was nearly seven points lower, and the average yield 18.6 bushels. The indication is now for a yield of a small fraction over twenty bushels per acre. The exact area, exclusive of that cut for fodder as not worth harvesting, is not yet determined. Slight uncertainty regarding it may cause a variation in the final record of 1 or 2 per cent. from 1,500,000,000 bushels.

The test of threshing has not materially enlarged the average rate of the wheat yield, which appears to be about 11.8 bushels, or four-tenths of a bushel less than last year. The increase of acreage, which is large in Dakota, will make partial compensation and bring the product nearly or quite to 450,000,000 bushels. The rate of yield in New York is 16.7 bushels, Pennsylvania 10.5, Ohio 12.4, Michigan 13.3, Indiana 15.5, Illinois 15.2, Wisconsin 10.3, Minnesota 9.5, Iowa 10, Missouri 17, Kansas 9.6, Nebraska 10.7, Dakota 10.5, California 13.8.

The yield of oats is slighly below an average, about 25 bushels per acre. The product is fully 600,000,000 bushels. In the principal States of the central valley region the State averages range from 25 to 30 bushels. The barley yield is nearly 20 per cent. less than at medium yield, or about 20 bushels per acre. New York 20.3, Michigan 19.5, Wisconsin 18.5, Minnesota 19, Iowa 19, California 20.5 The yield of rye is 11.5 bushels per acre, and the product about 24,000,000 bushels. There has been a drop in condition of buckwheat from 89 to nearly 77. The condition of potatoes has declined from 67.3 to 61.5, partly from appearance of rot in the Atlantic States.

The condition of cotton has further declined. The effect of drought in reducing vitality and arresting growth is more apparent than on the first of September. The general average has been reduced from 83.8 to 76.5. It is still several points higher than in 1883 and 1884, and ten points higher than in 1881. The average of condition by States is as follows: North Carolina 78, South Carolina 79, Georgia 77, Florida 79, Alabama 76, Mississippi 77, Louisiana 78, Texas 75, Arkansas 75, Tennessee 74.

The condition of tobacco averages 75.5, against 70.8. The figures for the States producing, shipping and cutting leaf are: Maryland 92, Virginia 90, North Carolina 91, Kentucky 62, Ohio 56, Indiana 45, Illinois 58, Missouri 50, Tennessee 57.

AFTER NINE YEARS.

Arrest of Two Men Charged With a Bank Officer's Murder.

Nine years ago J. W. Barron, President of a Savings Bank at Dexter, Me., was found in the bank's vault bound and gagged and suffering from several wounds. He died in a few hours afterward without giving any clue to his assailants. Two men have just been arrested charged as principals in the crime. The story of their capture is told by the New York *World*, and reads like a romance. Their capture was accomplished through the influence of a young man named Charles F. Stain, who declares that his father was the leader in the attempt to rob the bank. The young man further declares that he was present at the assault upon Barron, but that fear of his father has prevented him until now from telling the story of the terrible crime. The *World* says of the crime and the arrests which have followed after nine years:

The murder of J. W. Barron, Treasurer of the National Bank and State Savings Bank, of Dexter, Me., nine years ago, created a national sensation unequaled by any tragedy since except the assassination of President Garfield. The brutal circumstances and the utter mystery of the crime, the mute and pathetic testimony of fidelity to trust given by the speechless and dying man's wounds, the escape of the murderers, leaving not a trace of their presence in or escape from the little town profoundly moved the whole country. Telegrams of condolence and offers of assistance from all parts of the land poured in upon the widow, and the project of a memorial church in Dexter was at once suggested and successfully put in operation.

Then, after some months had passed, the country was again startled by a theory of suicide, started in the first instance by detectives and apparently given credence by the bank officers. Barron, it appeared, had made some unfortunate investments of the bank's money. He took out forthwith a life insurance policy covering the amount, and it was the sapient idea of the detectives, mortified perhaps by their failure to detect the murderers, that the Treasurer, fearing the odium following the discovery of his bad judgment, killed himself in such manner as would indicate murder, and so would not invalidate his insurance policy. Thus an act of what seemed scrupulous regard for personal and business honor was converted into an indictment of the man.

But the theory was accepted by the bank officers to the extent that they entered suit against the widow—a suit that was never tried—and the act brought about a revulsion of feeling elsewhere. Contributions to the memorial stopped. The poor woman and even her little child were subjected to taunts and obloquy and the widow was compelled to endure a lonely and bitter ostracism. She never doubted her husband's innocence; steadfastly she has sought for means to set it clearly before all men, and now, by the aid of the *World*, the murder of her husband by a banded gang of scoundrels is, to all appearances, about to be judicially proved.

Some weeks ago the *World* was informed that a young man in Maine had made statements which, if verified, would convict the murderers. There appeared to be an utter lack of effort either to verify his statements or to take any steps whatever to arrest the alleged criminals. There was daily the chance that they would hear of the confession and make off. The *World* sent a trustworthy representative to inquire into the facts. He succeeded in bringing Charles Franklin Stain, a confessed accomplice with his father, to New York, where his full statement was taken. With it the *World* representative returned to Maine, consulted with the officers, was made a Deputy Sheriff, and assisted at Franklin, Mass., in the arrest of David Stain—a criminal of such unspeakable record that its full, atrocious horror cannot be given in these columns—and his alleged accomplice (Oliver Cromwell) in the murder of faithful John Barron.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., has a big pickle factory that is supplied with cucumbers from the lands adjoining the city. This season the supply has reached 30,000,000 cucumbers, those engaging in their production furnishing from 200,000 to 1,000,000 each. An acre will produce 100,000, and they sell in Fredericksburg at 80 cents per 1,000. The object is to get them an inch or an inch and a half long, and this requires active picking before they increase this size. A boy will pick 3,000 in a day. Picking them thus early increases the productiveness of the vine, and while the season lasts others are appearing in place of those taken from the vines.

A HUNTER in Butts County, Ga., followed his dog into a cave. He pressed forward, half feeling his way, expecting every moment to meet a terrible encounter with some ravenous beast, as the indications at the mouth of the cave showed that some wild animal was making his home in this dark abode. After he had gone several hundred feet he discovered numerous bones scattered around, and while he was stopped, with his hair standing straight on his head, wondering what to do, his ears were greeted with a mighty roar like the falling of many waters in the distance, and he fled without waiting to discover the cause.

A WRITER in the London *Fair Trade* gives it as the result of a very careful inquiry that 90,000 Americans have summered in England, and that the average expenditure of each has been $1,000. The figures are probably well within bounds; those relating to expenditure certainly are so. Here, then, is a sum of $90,000,000 spent in summer travel in one particular direction. What the grand total of summer expenditures of Americans in Paris, Rome, the Orient, the mountains of the Pacific and Atlantic slopes, and the various watering-places of their own country may be is not ascertainable, but $200,000,000 is not a wild guess.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	41		
Beef, good to prime	6		7½
Calves, common to prime	7½	@	8
Sheep	3½	@	4½
Lambs	6	@	6¼
Hogs—Live	5	@	5¼
Dressed	6¾	@	7
Flour—Ex. St., good to fancy	3 50	@	4 00
West, good to choice	3 50	@	4 85
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	82
Rye—State	56	@	58
Barley—State	—	@	83
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	51½	@	53
Oats—White State	34½	@	34⅝
Mixed Western	33	@	34
Hay—Med. to prime	75	@	80
Straw—No. 1, Rye	70	@	75
Lard—City Steam	6 70	@	7 40
Butter—State Creamery	25½	@	27
Dairy	18	@	24½
West. Im. Creamery	16	@	20
Factory	13	@	15½
Cheese—State Factory	11¼	@	12⅛
Skims	6	@	9½
Western	9½	@	11¼
Eggs—State and Penn	21	@	22
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 25	@	3 80
Sheep—Good to Choice	4 25	@	4 60
Lambs—Western	5 70	@	5 85
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 80	@	4 90
Flour, Family	4 75	@	5 15
Wheat—No. 1	—	@	83
Corn—No. 2, Mixed	48¼	@	48⅛
Oats—No. 2, Mixed	—	@	31
Barley—State	64	@	65
BOSTON.			
Beef—Good to choice	7	@	14
Hogs—Live	5¼	@	6
Northern Dressed	6⅞	@	7½
Pork—Ex. Prime, per bbl	17 00	@	17 50
Flour—Spring Wheat pat's	4 70	@	4 95
Corn—High Mixed	—	@	56½
Oats—Extra White	36	@	36½
Rye—State	60	@	65
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	6	@	7
Sheep—Live weight	3¾	@	4¼
Lambs	5¾	@	5⅞
Hogs—Northern	—	@	6¼
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. extra family	3 50	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red	80¾	@	81¼
Corn—State Yellow	53⅛	@	54
Oats Mixed	—	@	32
Rye—State	52½	@	53
Butter—Creamery Extra	25	@	26
Cheese—N. Y. Full Cream	—	@	13¼

A LONG JOURNEY.

Details of the Trip Made By the Presidential Party.

A Succession of Parades, Receptions and Speeches.

The Presidential party visited the Soldiers' Home at Milwaukee early Friday morning, and left for Madison, the State Capital, at 10:30 A. M. A great crowd received the President at the Madison station, and a procession was at once formed, in which were many of the leading men of the State. A welcome arch stood at the east corner of Capital Park, with a Goddess of Liberty and pretty girls in costumes for the States. The whole town was decorated with flags, streamers, Chinese lanterns and arches across the principal streets. The exercises took place on a platform in front of the capital. Judge Erasmus Cole, Chief Justice of Wisconsin, made an address of welcome, to which the President replied. The President held a reception in the State Capitol during the afternoon, while Mrs. Cleveland went to Postmaster General Vilas's home for a rest. After the reception the President, accompanied by Governor Rusk and Colonel Vilas, visited the Fair Grounds. In the evening Colonel and Mrs. Vilas gave a dinner to the President.

President Cleveland and party went fishing in Lake Mendota Saturday morning. A steam launch conveyed them from Madison to an island in the lake, where they took small boats for the fishing grounds. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Chauncey M. Depew and Marvin Hughitt arrived in a special train at noon and at once repaired to the Vilas mansion to pay their respects to the President. He had not returned, however, and the railroad excursionists went on to Duluth. Mrs. Cleveland did not join the fishing party, but rested quietly in the Vilas house. Sunday was spent quietly by the President and Mrs. Cleveland at the residence of the Postmaster-General.

Monday morning the Presidential party took their special train for St. Paul. At various stations along the route the train made short stops to enable the crowds that had gathered to get a look at the President and his wife. A salute of twenty-one guns was fired at La Crosse, and the visitors alighted from the train and were escorted through the principal streets in carriages by the Governor's Guard. All the principal streets were decorated, and many people from the surrounding country were in the city.

The special train reached St. Paul at 5:30 Monday afternoon, and the party were at once driven to the Ryan Hotel. The President's carriage was drawn by four white horses, and the streets to the hotel were decorated. In response to Mayor Smith's speech of welcome the President made an address in which he referred to his wife having once dwelt in St. Paul, and said that the people of St. Paul were related to that in his life which was "better than all earthly honors and distinction." At 7:30 P. M. the President reviewed a long procession of tobogganing and snowshoe clubs, and later held a public reception at the hotel. The city was brilliantly illuminated, and many public buildings were covered with bunting.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by Governor McGill and Mayor Smith, were driven through the handsomest part of St. Paul on Tuesday morning. The party took refreshments at Mayor Smith's residence, after which Mrs. Cleveland was driven to the railroad station, while the President was taken to the Minnesota Club and presented to its members. Soon after he joined his wife, and the special train soon bore the party to Minneapolis.

Upon their arrival at Minneapolis the party were conveyed to the West Hotel through streets thronged with people, many of whom had come hundreds of miles. After lunch the Presidential party were driven through the fine business and residence portion of the city, and upon their return Mayor Ames made an address of welcome from the hotel balcony. The President responded in a short address, and then the party went to the Exposition in carriages, escorted by military companies and a band of music. At the Exposition grounds the President made another short address. After supper at the hotel the party at 8 P. M., under military escort, returned to the depot and took the train for Omaha.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by the rest of the party, were driven through the streets of Kansas City on Thursday morning. Large crowds greeted them heartily at every point. After the drive Mr. Cleveland laid the corner-stone of the new Young Men's Christian Association Building. The President made an address, referring to the good work done by Young Men's Christian Associations throughout the country. After the ceremonies the party took lunch and then were driven to the Custom House, where Mayor Kumpf made an address of welcome in presence of 50,000 spectators, the President responding. Then Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland held an open-air reception, thousands of people walking past the Chief Magistrate and his wife. At 6 o'clock there was a banquet at the Coates House, and later Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland reviewed an imposing parade. The streets were brilliantly illuminated. At 10 P. M. the entire party took the special train for Memphis.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

A NEW military post is to be established at Denver, Col.

A FIFTY-ACRE ostrich farm is to be located at San Rafael, Cal.

THE Pittsburg (Penn.) Iron Mills are overcrowded with orders.

MANITOBA's wheat crop is in excess of the most liberal estimates.

THE country's corn crop for 1880 is estimated at 1,310,000,000 bushels.

ARGONIA, Kansas, is jubilant over the fact that Mrs. Salter, Mayor of that city, has given birth to a son.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., is importing colored girls from Charlestown, S. C., to meet the demand for domestics.

THE epidemic of scarlet fever in London is still spreading. There were, in one week, 1,600 cases in the hospitals.

ONE of the attractions of Sacramento, Cal., is a mummy show—the remains of people of the Aztec race, it is supposed.

W. A. Strong, ex-Secretary of State of Louisiana, was sentenced recently to two years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $4,500 for emblezzement.

Two recent steamers from San Francisco for China took over 40,000 barrels of flour for Yokohoma and Hong Kong. These are probably the largest cargoes of flour that ever left the port by steamer.

Brown's Little Joke.

"Why, Brown, how short your coat is," said Jones one day to his friend Brown, who wittily replied: "Yes; but it will be long enough before I get another." Some men spend so much for medicines that neither heal nor help them, that new clothes is with them like angels' visits—few and far between. Internal fevers, weakness of the lungs, shortness of breath and lingering coughs, soon yield to the magic influence of that royal remedy, Dr. R.V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."

BOSTON has a knife grinder, not needy, particularly, but exceedingly muscular, so that he is renowned for his strength. One of his performances, as handed down by admirers, was picking up a small car horse at the Lenox street stables and carrying him bodily into the car house.

$500 Reward.

The former proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for years made a standing, public offer in all American newspapers of $500 reward for a case of catarrh that he could not cure. The present proprietors have renewed this offer. All the druggists sell this Remedy, together with the "Douche," and all other appliances advised to be used in connection with it. No catarrh patient is longer able to say "I cannot be cured." You get $500 in case of failure.

To have what we want is riches, but to be able to do without is power.

Functional derangement of the female system is quickly cured by the use of Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." It removes pain and restores health and strength. By all druggists.

You will never have a friend if you must have one without failings.

The great success of many agents employed by B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, is a pretty good evidence of the excellence and popularity of the books they offer to sell through their agents. This is a reliable house, and any contract made with them you can depend on will be faithfully carried out.

'ROYAL GLUE' mends anything! Broken China, Glass, Wood. Free Vials at Drugs & Gro

Make No Mistake

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion and preparation curative power superior to any other article of the kind before the people. Be sure to get Hood's.

"In one store the clerk tried to induce me to buy their own instead of Hood's Sarsaparilla. But he could not prevail upon me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was, I had taken it, was perfectly satisfied with it, and did not want any other."—MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace St., Boston.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Japanese Novels.

The Japanese are great novel readers. Bakin, one of the most prolific writers, who reached the zenith of his fame simultaneously with Balzac, is still regarded as the model novelist of all times, although the ancient romances of graceful sentimentalists of the past still find ardent admirers. Some of the stories are as attractive and pleasant as the best inspirations of Boccacio. They are so quaint, such inimitable mosaics of prose and verse, so sweet and tender, that in reading them one almost catches the faint fragrance of the cherry blossoms or the distant, melodious throb of the lute, touched by the dainty court ladies of five centuries ago. It is a pity that the novelists of the present care more for the suffrage of the public than the applause of the artistic world.

The court is Europeanized and no longer the inspiration of poetic conceptions and elegant wit. The writers of the present cater to the prevalent taste for sensational, highly-spiced romances, in which as many of the principal actors as possible commit suicide, perform valorous deeds as bandits, run off with the wrong women, or break hearts by the wholesale. Books of this description fill the market, with illustrations in keeping with the text. Political novels, just now the fashion, are of a distinctly higher class. "The Beauty of Women" is one of the most remarkable in this connection. The seventh volume has just been handed to the expectant public, and up to the end of the sixth the wandering hero had contracted a violent attachment for five "beautiful" women in as many "beautiful" countries. To the foreign and critical reader this tale calls to mind the voyages of Sinbad, plus Sterne's "Sentimental Jouney," and a sprinkling of Ouida in her most rampant mood. Yet there is no doubt that the author intends his story to have a political significance, in the sense that Japan can flourish neither intellectually nor physically under the present administration. "The Plum Tree in the Snow" is a much better and more instructive book. It depicts the condition of Japan some centuries hence, and, under the guise of a simple narrative of events, is stinglngly satirical. "The Life of a Great Statesman," founded on the life of the late Lord Beaconsfield, is somewhat drier, but far more healthful and certainly more ennobling in its tendency.—*Philadelphia News.*

Cardinal Newman says a gentleman is one who never inflicts pain. This is rough on the dentists.—*Omaha World*

Our Army's Equipments.

From the present standpoint of the world, our troops can boast of offensive weapons inferior to none; but as regards the other items of necessary equipment of the soldier in the field, we are in a worse than transition state, scarcely any two companies in the army being uniformly equipped, and very often two, three, even four, kinds of experimental equipment being in use at the same time, in the same company. The real anxiety of the War Department to get the very best, to keep pace with the most advanced progress of the age, is undoubtedly the prime cause of this state of things, but the fact remains, that the importunities of inventors, and the kind-heartedness of officials, saddles the army with an un-uniformity of grotesque and impracticable bags, boxes and absurdities of all kinds.

At a recent inspection of four companies of infantry equipped for field service (and at which the writer was present), one company had blanket bags, another rolled blankets, as in the war, another the cumbrous shoulder braces and bags, while the fourth had men equipped in all these styles. These different articles were in the hands of the men by proper orders and the regular issue; but however effective the command might have proved in the field, its appearance was incongruous, even ridiculous.—*Journal of the Military Service Institute.*

The Builders of the Pyramids.

A personal insection of the pyramids of Egypt made by a quarry owner, who spent some time recently on the Nile, has led him to the conclusion that the old Egyptians were better builders than those of the present day. He states that there are blocks of stone in the pyramids which weigh three or four times as much as the obelisk on the embankment. He saw a stone whose estimated weight was 880 tons. But then the builders of the pyramids counted human labor lightly. They had great masses of subjects upon whom to draw, and most of their work was done by sheer manual labor and force. There are stones in the pyramids thirty feet in length which fit so closely together that a penknife may be run over the surface without discovering the break between them. They are not laid with mortar, either. There is no machinery so perfect that it will make two surfaces thirty feet in length which will meet together in unison as these stones in the pyramids meet. It is supposed that they were rubbed backward and forward upon each other until the surfaces were assimilated.—*London Iron.*

JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO.

John Anderson, my jo John,
When first I was your wife,
On every washing day, John,
I wearied of my life.
It made you cross to see, John,
Your shirts not white as snow,
I washed them with our home-made soap,
John Anderson, my jo.

Ah! many a quarrel then, John,
Had you and I thegither,
But now all that is changed, John,
We'll never have anither;
For washed with IVORY SOAP, John,
Your shirts ARE white as snow,
And now I smile on washing day,
John Anderson, my jo.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

The man who has invested from three to five dollars in a Rubber Coat, and at his first half hour's experience in a storm finds to his sorrow that it is hardly a better protection than a mosquito netting, not only feels chagrined at being so badly taken in, but also feels if he does not look exactly like

A WET HEN

We offer the man who wants service (not style) a garment that will keep him dry in the hardest storm. It is called TOWER'S FISH BRAND "SLICKER," a name familiar to every Cow-boy all over the land. With them the only perfect Wind and Waterproof Coat is "Tower's Fish Brand Slicker."

Ask for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER and take no other. If your storekeeper does not have the FISH BRAND, send for descriptive catalogue. A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
CATARRH
CURES COLD IN HEAD
ROSE-COLD
HAY-FEVER
DEAFNESS
HEADACHE
PRICE 50 CENTS
ELY BROS. OWEGO N.Y. U.S.A.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Gives relief at once for
COLD IN HEAD.
CURES
CATARRH.
Not a Liquid or Snuff.
Apply Balm into each nostril.
Ely Bros., 235 Greenwich St., N.Y.

KIDDER'S
DIGESTYLIN

A SURE CURE FOR
INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA.

Over 5,000 Physicians have sent us their approval of DIGESTYLIN, saying that it is the best preparation for Indigestion that they have ever used.

We have never heard of a case of Dyspepsia where DIGESTYLIN was taken that was not cured.

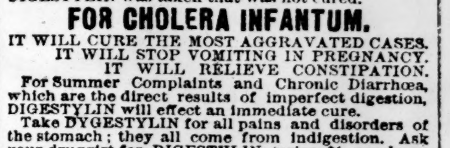
FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM.

IT WILL CURE THE MOST AGGRAVATED CASES.
IT WILL STOP VOMITING IN PREGNANCY.
IT WILL RELIEVE CONSTIPATION.

For Summer Complaints and Chronic Diarrhœa, which are the direct results of imperfect digestion, DIGESTYLIN will effect an immediate cure.

Take DIGESTYLIN for all pains and disorders of the stomach; they all come from indigestion. Ask your druggist for DIGESTYLIN (price $1 per large bottle). If he does not have it send one dollar to us and we will send a bottle to you, express prepaid. Do not hesitate to send your money. Our house is reliable. Established twenty-five years.

WM. F. KIDDER & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists, 83 John St., N.Y.



FINE GUNS

DALY HAMMERLESS. MANHATTAN HAMMERLESS. DALY THREE BARREL. PIEPER BREECH LOADERS

Send for Catalogue of Specialties.
SCHOVERLING, DALY & GALES,
84 and 86 Chambers Street, New York.

LADY AGENTS wanted; best selling and most useful toilet article ever invented; salary or commission. Scott M'f'g Co., Box 1555, New Haven, Conn.

$5 to $8 a day. Samples worth $1.50, FREE Lines not under the horse's feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

PENSIONS An increase may be due. Address MILO B. STEVENS & Co., Grover Bd'g, Washingt'n, D.C.

FREE By return mail. Full Description Moody's New Tailor System of Dress Cutting. MOODY & CO., Cincinnati, O.

HERBRAND FIFTH WHEEL. Latest Buggy and Carriage improvement. HERBRAND CO., Fremont, O.

PALMS' Business College, Phila., Pa. Situations furnished. Life Scholarship, $40. Write

PATENTS Obtained. Send stamp for Inventors' Guide. L. BINGHAM, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM

restores Gray Hair to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies No grease nor oil. A Tonic Restorative. Prevents hair coming out; strengthens, cleanses and heals scalp.

50c. Druggists

E. S. WELLS, JERSEY CITY, N. J.

If you are losing your grip on life Try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots. For weak men, delicate women.

BUCHU-PAIBA
Great Kidney Cure

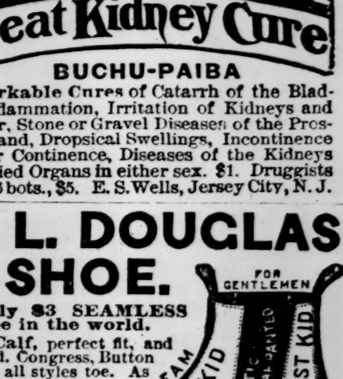
BUCHU-PAIBA

Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Incontinence or over Continence, Diseases of the Kidneys and allied Organs in either sex. $1. Druggists or Ex. 6 bots., $5. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE.

The only $3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world.

Finest Calf, perfect fit, and warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles toe. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6. W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE excels the $3 Shoes advertised by other firms.



[Name and price stamped on bottom of each Shoe.]

Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE. If your dealer does not keep them, send your name on postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD
Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy.
Oval Box, 34; round, 14 Pills.

Pensions to Soldiers & Heirs. Send stamp for circulars. COL. L. BING HAM, Att'y, Washington, D. C.

GOLD is worth $500 per lb. Pettit's Eye Salve is worth $1,000, but is sold at 25c. a box by dealers

R.R.R. Radway's Ready Relief

In from one to twenty minutes never fails to relieve Pain with one thorough application. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated with disease may suffer, Radway's Ready Relief will afford instant ease. It instantly relieves and soon cures

Rheumatism, *Neuralgia,*
Coughs, *Colds,*
Cold in the Head, *Sore Throat,*
Asthma, *Bronchitis,*
Pneumonia, *Sciatica,*
Headache, *Inflammations,*
Toothache, *Congestions,*

DIFFICULT BREATHING.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure for every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the Only

PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organs by one application.

INTERNALLY, a half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heart burn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

MALARIA IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS CURED AND PREVENTED.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

R. R. R. not only cures the patient seized with Malaria, but if people exposed to the Malarial poison will every morning take 20 or 30 drops of Ready Relief in water, and eat, say a cracker, before going out, they will prevent attacks.

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS
The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Female Complaints, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By so doing

SICK HEADACHE,

Dyspepsia, Foul Stomach, Biliousness will be avoided, and the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from disease of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists.

☞ Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren Street, New York, for Our Book of Advice.

☞ BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S.

NYNU—41

WHAT AILS YOU?

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, lifeless, and indescribably miserable, both physically and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, dizziness, frequent headaches, blurred eyesight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp, biting, transient pains here and there, cold feet, drowsiness after meals, wakefulness, or disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity?

If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies—Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. If not cured, complications multiply and Consumption of the Lungs, Skin Diseases, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, or other grave maladies are quite liable to set in and, sooner or later, induce a fatal termination.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts powerfully upon the Liver, and through that great blood-purifying organ, cleanses the system of all blood-taints and impurities, from whatever cause arising. It is equally efficacious in acting upon the Kidneys, and other excretory organs, cleansing, strengthening, and healing their diseases. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it promotes digestion and nutrition, thereby building up both flesh and strength. In malarial districts, this wonderful medicine has gained great celebrity in curing Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, and kindred diseases.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the worst Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-joint Disease, "White Swellings," Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. Send ten cents in stamps for a large Treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a Treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery,** and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength and bodily health will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofula of the Lungs,** is arrested and cured by this remedy, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease. From its marvelous power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now world-famed remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it his "CONSUMPTION CURE," but abandoned that name as too restrictive for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for Consumption, but for all Chronic Diseases of the

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

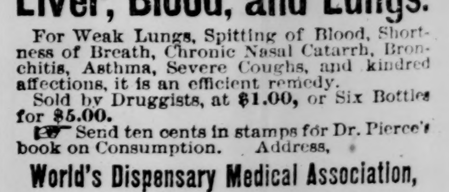
For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections, it is an efficient remedy.

Sold by Druggists, at $1.00, or Six Bottles for $5.00.

☞ Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Address,

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

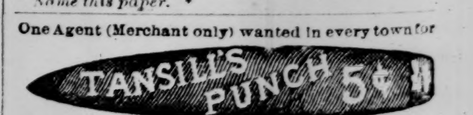
EXHAUSTED VITALITY
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men.



KNOW THYSELF.

PUBLISHED by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bullfinch St., Boston, Mass. WM. H. PARKER, M.D., Consulting Physician. More than one million copies sold. It treats upon Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Exhausted Vitality, Impaired Vigor, and Impurities of the Blood, and the untold miseries consequent thereon. Contains 300 pages, substantial embossed binding, full gilt. Warranted the best popular medical treatise published in the English language. Price only $1 by mail, postpaid, and concealed in a plain wrapper. *Illustrative sample free* if you send now. Address as above. *Name this paper.*

One Agent (Merchant only) wanted in every town for



Our trade on your "Tansill's Punch" is steadily increasing, taking last month as a basis. We hope to handle at least 20,000 per month.
MOORE, A IES & Co., Druggists,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Address R. W. TANSILL & CO., Chicago.

DROPSY
☞ TREATED FREE.

Have treated Dropsy and its complications with most wonderful success; use vegetable remedies, entirely harmless. Remove all symptoms of Dropsy in 8 to 20 days. Cure patients pronounced hopeless by the best physicians. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. Some may cry humbug without knowing anything about it. Remember it costs you nothing to realize the merit of our treatment for yourself. We are constantly curing cases of long standing—cases that have been tapped a number of times and the patient declared unable to live a week. Give full history of case, name, age, sex, how long afflicted, etc. Send for free pamphlet containing testimonials. Ten days' treatment furnished free by mail. If you order trial you must return this advertisement to us with 10 cents in stamps to pay postage. Epilepsy (Fits) positively cured.

H. H. GREEN & SONS, M. Ds.,
Central Hotel, 251 & 253 Canal St., N. Y.